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KING, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FOREIGN.

The Prince of Wales.

GERMAN ARMY BUDGET.

Execution of Cremieux.

ROSSEL'S LAST WORDS.

Celebrating Thanksgiving

AFFAIRS IN BRUSSELS.

The U. S. Funded Loan.

GREAT BRITAIN.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, November 30.—The steamers City of New York, Batavia and City of Washington, from New York, and the Caspian, from Portland, have arrived out.

POLITICAL.

The Democrats of this city have resolved to tender an invitation to Sir Charles Dilke to deliver a lecture in St. James Hall.

OBITUARY.

The Earl of Chesterfield died to-day of typhus fever. He contracted the disease about the same time and same locality as the Prince.

DISORDERLY MEETING.

Sir Charles Dilke addressed a meeting at Ballow last night. During the evening the audience became very disorderly. There was some fighting, and the meeting broke up in confusion.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

LONDON, December 1.—The morning bulletin from Sandringham states that there was an increase of the fever in the case of the Prince early in the evening yesterday, but as night advanced the fever again partially subsided. The Prince remained comparatively quiet through the remainder of the night.

U. S. FUNDED LOAN.

LONDON, December 1.—The final settlement of the United States funded loan was made to-day without disturbing the money market, the bonds closing higher than ever before the loan, advancing to 90¼ gold. Because the settlement was anticipated, the portion of the loan unsettled at the opening of the books to-day was only twenty million dollars, and of this the taking of nearly fifteen millions was arranged for, leaving less than six millions undisposed of, with the continent to hear from. There is no doubt but that the whole of the loan in European markets is taken.

PUBLIC UNEASINESS.

LONDON, December 1.—The death of the Earl of Chesterfield intensifies the anxiety for the Prince of Wales. The public uneasiness is so great as to have a depressing effect on the markets, which were generally dull and flat to-day. The Queen has returned to Windsor from Sandringham, where she has been watching by the bedside of the Prince.

SMALL-POX.

The small-pox in a very violent form is spreading in Plymouth and vicinity. The authorities are building special hospitals for those stricken with the disease, and have adopted stringent sanitary precautions.

FESTIVITIES ABANDONED.

The festivities usually given by the court on the 1st day of December, the birthday of the Princess of Wales, were abandoned.

MARINE NEWS.

LIVERPOOL, December 1.—The steamships Ohio, from Baltimore, and Washington, from New York, have arrived.

FRANCE.

EXECUTION OF CREMIEUX.

PARIS, November 30.—Cremieux, one of the four Communist leaders condemned to death by the court martial at Marseilles, was executed to-day. He was taken from his prison at an early hour this morning, conveyed a short distance outside of the walls and shot. He died bravely, refusing to be blindfolded. His last words were "Vive La Republique."

THIERS' MESSAGE.

PARIS, December 1.—President Thiers, in a message to the National Assembly, on the reopening of the session, referred to the treaty between France and Germany, a Commercial Convention with England, the military law and a general organization of the administration, but offers no suggestion as to constitutional changes, and makes no allusion whatever to political subjects.

ARRIVAL OF VON BEUST.

Count Von Beust, the Austrian Minister to England, arrived here to-day, *en route* to London.

GUARDING CORSICA.

PARIS, December 1.—The squadron detailed to guard the shores of Corsica is to remain at Ajaccio for an indefinite time. Three months' supplies have just been sent to it from Marseilles. It is supposed that its object is to prevent any attempt on the part of the Imperialists at a rising on the island.

UNEASINESS OF THE GOVERNMENT.

NEW YORK, December 1.—A Paris special states that the Government of France is very uneasy, and exercises the utmost vigilance. There is a great display of troops in Paris, and all the points are guarded by patrols every night, while police are stationed on every corner. The public mind is very unsettled, and the general impression is that the present status of affairs cannot last any length of time.

ROSSEL'S LAST WORDS.

The last words of Rossel to his Republican friends were: "If you do not before long crush the army, it will crush you. It has always been pretorian, and always formed a distinct party, whereas it should be national. Danger is pressing. The Republicans have abandoned the insurrection. You did not like the men of the 18th of March. I do not like them, but it is necessary to join in order to retain them."

BELGIUM.

DISTURBANCES RENEWED.

BRUSSELS, November 30.—To day being one of the festivals of the Communists, trouble was anticipated, and extraordinary precautions were taken by the authorities to prevent dangerous demonstrations in the present excited condition of the city. The Burgomaster issued a proclamation, in the morning, enjoining all good citizens to remain within their dwellings, forbidding out door demonstrations and declaring that illegal assemblages would be dispersed. Nevertheless, in the course of the day the recent disturbances were renewed. Monster crowds of opposite political parties collected in the streets, and there were frequent collisions between them. The police seemed to be unable or unwilling to disperse the rioters. In one instance a company of civic guards, sixty strong, were ordered to charge upon the people, but they reversed their muskets and refused to obey. The disorder continues. Mobs hold possession of the streets and the excitement is intense.

PORTFOLIOS DEMANDED.

BRUSSELS, December 1.—Baron D'Anethan, announced in the Chambers to-day that the King has demanded the portfolios of the Ministers, and they have accordingly resigned. The Chambers, therefore, won't stand adjourned until the new ministry was formed. The resignation of the D'Anethan government had a most tranquilizing effect. The streets are free from crowds, the people seem to be satisfied, and the city is quiet.

Later.—The formation of the new Cabinet is instrusted to M. de Theux, the leader of the Conservative party.

AUSTRIA.

CELEBRATING THANKSGIVING.

VIENNA, December 1.—John Jay, Minister of the United States to Austria, gave a supper last night in celebration of Thanksgiving day, at which most of the Americans in Vienna were present. In some remarks upon the occasion Mr. Jay alluded to the present proud position of the republic and the impending fall of local corruptions before the assaults of a fearless press and honest men of all parties. The conclusion of the Trades Mark Convention between Austria and the United States was significant, he said, of the increasing interchange of manufactures of the two countries, to which the approaching International Exhibition in this capital would give an impetus by presenting American productions for the first time in Eastern Europe by the side of those of Western Asia. An allusion by the speaker to Count Andrassy was, thrice cheered.

General Post also made an address, in which he discoursed at some length upon the subject of American antiquities.

GERMANY.

OBSERVING THANKSGIVING DAY.

BERLIN, December 1.—The Americans observed Thanksgiving yesterday in an appropriate manner. Special divine service in the morning was well attended. In the evening a dinner was given at the Hotel de Rome.

THE ARMY BUDGET.

In the Lower House of the Diet yesterday the triennial army budget was passed to a second reading by a small majority. The items of expenditure were sharply criticised, and many pronounced them extravagant, and it looked for a time as if the budget would be rejected, the opposition being strong and determined. But the Minister warned the House in the most significant manner that it should prepare for the future, that France contemplates revenge for her defeat, and would seek it as soon as the indemnity was paid. The only safety for Germany was in her army, and that should neither be weakened nor disabled.

PARLIAMENT CLOSED

BERLIN, December 1.—The German parliament closed its sessions to-day.

EXECUTION OF FRENCHMEN.

The German military authorities at Epernay, executed two Frenchmen who killed a German sentinel.

CUBA.

ARRIVAL OF VALMASEDA.

HAVANA, November 30.—Captain General Valmaseda arrived in this city on Tuesday evening.

CHAPLAIN REMOVED.

The chaplain of the cemetery which was entered by the medical students has been removed. The city is quiet.

THE MEDICAL STUDENTS.

NEW YORK, December 1.—A Havana special says that the bodies of the executed students were refused to be given to their parents. The students sentenced to the chain gang have been working in the streets with criminals since yesterday. The father of one of the former died from grief, and the mothers of two others are insane.

SPAIN.

VALMASEDA TO BE REMOVED.

MADRID, November 30.—It is said that the government has resolved to remove Captain-General Valmaseda from the Governorship of Cuba, and that 30,000 fresh troops are to be despatched to the island.

EAST INDIA.

CHOLERA.

BOMBAY, December 1.—Cholera in its worst form is raging with great violence in the city of Delhi.

BY MAIL.

A SOCIETY has just been formed in Rome for the manufacture of beet root sugar, with a capital of $2,000,000.

IT is stated that Isabella, the ex-Queen of Spain, is about to take up her residence for the Winter at Malta.

BERLIN boasts of not less than twenty women physicians, who have acquired reputation and independence in their profession. Most of them are of the homeopathic and eclectic school of medicine.

DURING the present year twelve Swiss guides have been lost by climbing the Alps—a larger number than has been lost, it is said, in any one year since 1853. Seven of them perished from avalanches, and three from falling into crevasses.

BISMARCK is reported recently to have expressed more desire to meet and talk with General Sherman than with any American alive. He considers Sherman more than any of our soldiers, a man of great military genius and inexhaustable resources.

TOUCHING the rumored marriage of Gambetta with a Mlle. Andoy, daughter of an ex-Prefect, it is stated that the negotiations have been unfavorably postponed, owing to the fact that the lady has not yet been born. M. Andoy has three sons but no daughter.

A LONDON letter says that at least one-third, if not one-half, of the entire population of that city is in favor of a republican form of government in Great Britain. The spread of republican principles has been extraordinarily rapid in England during the last two years, and is now more rapid than ever.

MR. ASHBURY has under way a new yacht, by the builder of the Cambria, which he means, in compliment to his American friends, to call the Columbia. The model is, it is said, a splendid one, and she will be, it is anticipated, one of the fastest cutters afloat. Her proposed dimensions are—beam, 14 feet 4 inches; length from stem to stern-post, 69 feet; she will draw 10 feet 9 inches of water.

HIS SERENE HIGHNESS of Lippe-Detmold has taken into his august head to cancel all game laws without the consent of the Chamber, and to cut off his subjects from the pastime of shooting the hares and rabbits within his dominions. His Serenity having no army to enforce his fiat, the people have responded all his soldiers to Prussia, tried first the experiment of detailing 20 policemen to protect his preserves. This proving a failure, he invited the 55th Prussian Regiment to come to his aid, promising the officers thereof excellent shooting in return for the assistance of the men's muskets. On the very first day of the sport there was a collision between the troops and the peasantry, and numbers of the latter were arrested. The people of Lippe Detmold are furiously angry at what they regard as a piece of petty tyranny, and are going to the Reichstag for redress. They will probably get it, for it seems to be the best opinion that the little monarch has behaved in an entirely illegal way.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Charles O'Connor declines defending the South Carolina Ku Klux.

—In Bloomington, Ill., yesterday morning McClure's building, on the corner of Main and North streets, was destroyed by fire.

—William Sedgewick, for fifty years a Baptist minister, died on Thursday, at Chillicothe, O. He preached in the morning and at two o'clock in the afternoon was dead.

—At Newburg, N. Y., the United States Hotel was partially burned yesterday morning. Several persons were severely injured by jumping from the windows. Loss $26,000; insurance $15,000.

—The libel suit of General Clinton vs. Fisk, of St. Louis, for alleged defamation of character, in relation to the General's connection with the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company, has been settled, by the withdrawal of the suit on one side, and the retraction of the charges on the other.

—On Monday last Michael Beneimer, who had heretofore been twice tried, charged with murdering Mr. Elliot, near Homersville, Ohio, some two years since, came into the court at Cincinnati and pleaded guilty of manslaughter. He was sentenced to the Penitentiary for three years.

—The trial of James Patton, charged with killing Mathewson, at Aberdeen, O., opposite Maysville, Ky., opened on Wednesday last. The tragedy took place five months ago, in Aberdeen. The cause of the killing is said to have been criminal relations existing between the murdered man and Patton's wife.

—Miss Sarah Hughes was found dead in bed at Hamilton, Ohio, on Thursday morning. She had retired the night before with a handkerchief saturated with chloroform laid upon her face for an aching tooth, and falling asleep, inhaled the anæsthetic to such an extent as to cause death. Several years ago Miss Hughes won quite a reputation with her pen.

PUBLIC DEBT.

Republican Policy.

AN HONEST ADMINISTRATION.

November Statement.

DECREASE, $3,462,080.18.

In Thirty-three Months, $277,211,889.

MONTHLY AVERAGE, DECREASE, $8,400,360.

WASHINGTON, December 1, 1871.

The following is a recapitulation of the statement of the public debt:

Debt Bearing Interest in Coin.

Bonds, six per cent.	$1,577,135,150 00
Bonds, five per cent.	277,903,700 00
Principal	1,854,498,850 00
Interest	36,934,839 42

Debt Bearing Interest in Lawful Money.

Certificates of indebtedness, four per cent.	$678,000 00
Navy pension fund, three per cent.	14,000,000 00
Certificates at three per cent.	23,490,000 00
Principal	38,168,000 00
Interest	244,760 00

Debt on which Interest has Ceased Since Maturity.

Principal	$1,709,297 20
Interest	294,316 54

Debt Bearing no Interest.

Old demand and legal tender notes	$357,582,801 25
Fractional currency	49,186,636 65
Coin certificates	24,928,140 00
Principal	432,685,977 30
Unclaimed interest	14,442 15
Total Debt.	
Principal	$2,317,121,124 56
Interest	37,508,387 89
Total	$2,354,631,512 45

Cash in Treasury.

Coin interest	$96,256,554 84
Currency	10,123,589 76
Debt less cash in Treasury December 1, 1871	2,248,251,367 85
Decrease during the month	3,462,080 18
Decrease since March 1, 1871	72,451,379 07
Decrease from March 1, 1869, to March 1, 1871	204,754,413 09

Bonds Issued to Pacific Railway Companies, Interest Paid in Lawful Money.

Principal outstanding	$64,618,832 60
Interest accrued and not yet paid	1,615,470 80
Interest paid by United States	12,262,475 41
Interest repaid by transportation of mails	3,317,907 41
Balance of interest paid by United States	9,374,567 97

THANKSGIVING.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.—Thanksgiving day was ushered in by an almost total cessation of business, services in the churches and parade by the militia.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—Thanksgiving day was generally observed in this city to-day, the streets wearing a Sunday appearance. No business was transacted in any of the Departments. There were religious services in many of the churches. At the Metropolitan Methodist church a chime of bells was dedicated. Among the audience were President Grant and family, Vice President Colfax and wife, and other prominent persons. The cost of the bells, which is about $14,000, was collected by the pastor's wife.

NEW YORK CITY.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Thanksgiving day was observed by all classes in this city and Brooklyn to-day. Places of business were closed, and divine services were held in the churches, both Catholic and Protestant. The weather here has been unusually cold for this season. The prevalence of very high winds caused the streets to be almost deserted during the day.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, November 30.—The observance of Thanksgiving in this city has been mostly in doors. There was a fierce northerly gale, clouds of dust, and the thermometer ranging twelve and fifteen degrees, making it one of the most uncomfortable days of the season.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, December 1.—Thanksgiving day was very generally observed yesterday. Business was almost entirely suspended, the public offices and institutions were closed, and religious services in nearly all the churches. There was a parade of the militia during the day.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, November 30.—There was a general observance of Thanksgiving Day in this city to-day. Business was suspended, public offices were closed, and services were held in all the churches.

MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, November 30.—Thanksgiving Day was generally observed and business suspended.

Parisian Dresses for the United States.

Our fair friends may be well be on the tiptoe of expectation for the arrival of the toilets mentioned in the following paragraph of the Paris correspondent of the *London Telegraph*. The writer says:

"The fact is, that although French ladies refrain, for the present, from spending money on dress, there is a greatly increasing trade in dresses for exportation, chiefly to the United States. Those who want to be *au fait* as to the latest fashions in costly millinery of all kinds must get an introduction to one of the wholesale Paris warehouses. I was, the other day, at one of these establishments, cases which, together, contained no fewer than four hundred ladies morning dresses and evening toilets, the average price of each being nearly £60 in English money. Before they are sold, freight, insurance, commission, and something respectable in the way of profit for those who send the goods across the Atlantic will have to be added. Some of these toilets, not yet packed, were shown me, and certainly they merit a more detailed description than I am able to give them. Several of them struck me as particularly handsome and in exquisite taste. They were chiefly of corded silk, so stiff in texture that, like the dresses of the last century, they might stand upright by themselves. The colors were chiefly maroon, deep sea green or very light pink. The skirts were trimmed with flounces of the same, with very large plaits, between which were large silk bows, also of the same color. For a full half yard behind and about half that width in front, the flounces were bound with the same material. The tunics were nearly all made of China crape, with embroidered flounces, which had a narrow fringe a shade lighter than themselves. The tunics were round in front, the sides being cut in long, pointed ends and tied together behind with bows of moire ribbon of a shade to suit the color of the dresses, with fringe to match. The corsage of each dress was also of crape, cut square, the vests being made of the same colored silk as the dress, with bands of white or gray embroidery around the neck. The sleeves came only to the elbow, and were finished off to suit the tunic. The dresses, as I was told, were designed by a well known master-hand in Paris, and were made by some of the very best milliners that could be found here. No French customers could at present be found for toilets so expensive.

CALIFORNIA emigrants have a summary way of disposing of murderers. A party of 500 were encamped near Council Bluffs recently, when one of their number caused a young herder. When the news of the deed reached the camp, search was made for the murderer. It was found that he had been arrested and taken before a magistrate. An emigrant tersely describes what followed: "We, the 500 emigrants, quietly marched to the justice's court and demanded the prisoner. They refused to give him up. We, the 500 emigrants, took him, tried him, condemned him, and hung him on the same tree he had murdered his victim under. Farewell, vain world, were his last words, as the mule walked away and left him there. We, the 500 emigrants, followed the mule."

—W. D. Wallach died yesterday morning at Culpepper, Va., aged about fifty-eight years. He was formerly proprietor and editor of the Washington *Evening Star*.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

Cabinet Meeting.

OUR RELATIONS WITH CUBA.

Department Reports.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

THREE PER CENTS CALLED IN.

WASHINGTON, Nov 30, 1871.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE AND DEPARTMENT REPORTS.

Nearly all the reports of heads of departments and chiefs of bureaus are completed. The President's message is finished and will be read at the cabinet meeting to-morrow. The reports will be sent to the press, as heretofore, in advance of their delivery to Congress, but not to be published until that time. The President's message, being manuscript, will be telegraphed. The President and the heads of departments give no intimation whatever of its contents.

WASHINGTON, December 1, 1871.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

It was said this afternoon by a gentleman prominently connected with the administration that we have no quarrel with the Spanish authorities, and that the return of the North Atlantic squadron to Cuban waters was from prudential considerations only. The Government will hereafter and until a better condition of things shall exist in the island of Cuba keep a strong naval armament in Cuban waters. While this will have no hostile significance, it is designed to be an intimation to Spain that if that power is so weak as to be unable to secure peace and good order in that island in case of an insurrection or other grave public disturbance, this fleet will be used in such case for the protection of American citizens and their interest in Cuba, and if needs be to the full extent of the power of the Government.

REPORT OF POSTMASTER GENERAL.

The Postmaster General this afternoon commenced sending to distant points copies of his annual report. He enclosed a note to publishers, depending on their honor not to print the report in advance of its delivery to Congress. He will again recommend the abolition of the franking privilege, and ask for legislation to relieve the department from delay and embarrassment in readvertising proposals for carrying the mails in cases where there have been deceptions and failures by "straw bids," and to make provisions for giving the contracts to the lowest responsible bidders.

THE NAVY.

The report of the Secretary of the Navy will recommend more liberal appropriations by Congress than those of last year, they being insufficient for an effective force —not more than thirty or forty of the vessels being now afloat out of one hundred on the list, exclusive of fifty iron clads, nearly all of which are laid up and out of service. The Secretary read the proof slips of his report to-day.

CABINET MEETING.

There was no mention whatever made at the cabinet meeting to day concerning the events at Havana, nor has any recent intelligence been received from that quarter.

THREE PER CENTS CALLED IN.

The Secretary of the Treasury issued an order to the Assistant Treasurer at New York calling in one million and a quarter of the three per cent. certificates.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The internal revenue receipts for to-day were $1,071,164; for November $9,641,827; for the fiscal year to date $57,298,981.

ABSENT.

Secretaries Boutwell, Belknap and Delano, were the only members absent from the cabinet meeting to day.

BOSTON.

Destructive Hurricane.

BOSTON, December 1.—A special dispatch to the *Traveller* from Halifax says a hurricane visited the northern side of the Island of Cape Breton, on the night of the 29th ult., doing immense damage to houses, barns, trees and shipping. The gale began at eight o'clock and lasted until five o'clock next morning. The tide was four feet higher than ever known before. The public wharf at Port Hood was swept away, and in the village houses were thrown down. A number of vessels anchored at Port Mulgrave, dragged their anchors and passed out of the strait to the sea. A Bermudian brig, the Jabez, from Charlottetown, was wrecked on Fox Island, and only one man was saved. Ten schooners were wrecked in the strait of Canso. It is feared that there has been considerable loss of life by the gale.

RAILROADS.

Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw.

PEORIA, ILL., November 30.—The Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw Railroad have opened their new line to Burlington, and cars are now running through from Columbus, Ohio, to Burlington, Iowa, without change.

CHICAGO TO ST. PAUL.

MILWAUKEE, December 1.—Arrangements have been made for a through passenger train from Chicago to St. Paul, *via* Milwaukee, without change of cars. The first train will start from Chicago as soon as the bridge across the Mississippi at Winona is completed, which will be about the 10th of December. Large and commodious mail cars have been constructed for the train, giving the people of the Northwest mail facilities equal to any in the country.

THE WEATHER.

Hudson, N. Y.

HUDSON, N. Y., November 30.—The steamer Vanderbilt is ice bound opposite this city. The prospect is that navigation will be closed above this city to-night. It is intensely cold. Ice is forming rapidly.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, December 1.—The following vessels are reported ashore at different points, caught in the ice by the extraordinary cold weather. The Pomona, Aberdeen, Widmillan, Corsica and others in danger. No steamer dare venture to their assistance, and it is feared that the crews will suffer, as the weather continues very cold. Canoes and men are being sent from here by special train to rescue them.

MILWAUKEE.

Water Works.

MILWAUKEE, November 30.—The embargo heretofore placed upon the city finances, preventing the issue of more bonds until the outstanding bonded debt had been reduced to five hundred thousand dollars, has at last been raised. The City Comptroller last night made his report to the Common Council, giving the welcome intelligence that the bonded debt had been reduced to less than half a million, whereupon it was ordered that one hundred and fifty bonds of a thousand dollars each at once be issued as the first instalment for the city water works.

CANADA.

Marine Disasters.

GODERICH, ONT., December 1.—The gunboat Prince Alfred has arrived from Georgian Bay. She reports the schooner Gold Hunter ashore in Winfield Bay, and thinks she can be got off in the spring. She also found the wreck of the tug Lewis, and reports her engine and boiler in twelve feet of water.

NEW YORK.

Distracted Connolly.

DESERTED BY HIS FRIENDS.

Treasurer Spinner's Report.

MARINE DISASTERS.

Ice Bound Grain.

NEW YORK, December 1, 1871.

"BLACK FRIDAY" TRANSACTIONS.

In the suit of Davis against Fisk and others, in reference to the "Black Friday" transactions, a verdict has been rendered for plaintiff.

TREASURER SPINNER'S REPORT.

Treasurer Spinner's report of Secretary Boutwell's recent action states that not withstanding the unfavorable circumstances at the time of putting the five per cent. loan on the European market, it has all been taken at favorable rates, realizing one hundred cents on the dollar, while the French loan put on the market at the same time realized only eighty cents. He favors the payment of interest on our bonds in foreign countries, where such bonds are taken, and believes if this system is adopted, the remaining loans of four and a half per cent. and four per cent. will soon be disposed off in Europe at par. He devotes considerable space to the refutation of the charges made against him by the newspapers of New York, which had been previously published. He also suggests the appointment of a third Comptroller to audit and settle the agency accounts. He urges an increase of salaries, to secure competent clerks.

THE BIBLE IN THE SCHOOLS.

The principal of the Hunter's Point school this morning obtained duplicate keys, opened the doors, called the school to order and commenced reading the Lord's prayer, when a disturbance ensued, which was only quelled by calling in the police. Seven pupils were expelled and one sent to the station house.

ICE BOUND GRAIN.

It was stated at the Produce Exchange to-day that the grain ice bound on the canal was worth at least half a million, and there is no chance of a resumption of navigation this season. The detention of the grain will chiefly affect the shippers, who will have to wait till spring for money, except when advances are obtained.

HALL'S CASE.

Mayor Hall has not been arrested, and the Sheriff denies the receipt of any papers in connection therewith, or any knowledge of the issuance of an order of arrest. The Mayor stated to-day that he had not been officially informed of the action of the Committee of Seventy, and declined to speak on the subject of resignation.

CONNOLLY CONFESSES.

The *Tribune* states that Connolly yesterday prepared a full confession of all the transactions of the ring, and that three of Tweed's bondsmen, including Hugh Hastings, of the *Commercial Advertiser*, have signified their intention to withdraw.

MARINE DISASTERS.

The bark Chrysless sunk at Port Joli, and several of the crew were lost. Several of the survivors will die. Eight bodies from another sunken vessel have been picked up on the ice. A terrible storm was raging yesterday at River Du Loupe, and other fatalities are expected.

POOR CONNOLLY.

Connolly is stated to have cried like a child when he was taken to jail. He lacks four hundred thousand dollars bail. Several friends called yesterday, but none went the necessary bonds.

COMMITTED TO JAIL.

Ward C. Pardee, a well known physician of Brooklyn, has been committed to jail, charged with defrauding Caleb B Kneval of five hundred dollars, while rumor speaks of his expending $25,000 on another woman than his wife.

FISK MANSFIELD.

The argument in the Fisk-Mansfield case was heard to-day before Judge Brady, the court reserving its decision upon the point whether the injunction preventing the publication of Fisk's letter should be vacated.

JURORS TO BE HEARD.

Judge McQuinn will hear the jurors in the cases of Davis against Fisk, on Saturday a week as to what parties endeavored to influence the verdict.

CONNOLLY IN DESPAIR.

Ex-Controller Connolly begins to despair of securing bail, and the Sheriff thinks there is no hope of such an event. Wm. Bradley offered himself to-day as security for $50,000.

TWEED'S BONDSMEN.

Three of Tweed's bondsmen signified their intention to withdraw their names from the bond. If others are not secured he will share the fate of Connolly.

PRESENCE OF REPORTERS NECESSARY.

Excise Commissioner Pyburn, of Brooklyn, declines to show his accounts to the reform committee except in the presence of reporters.

BONDSMAN RETIRED.

One of the bondsmen of Thomas Fields, Mr. F. Debarry, has retired, and Wm. Florence has been accepted in his stead.

UNFOUNDED RUMOR.

The rumor that James W. Booth is to succeed General Jones as postmaster appears to be unfounded.

THE COLLECTORSHIP.

General Chester A. Arthur, the newly appointed Collector of the port of New York, assumed his office at 9:30 A. M. to-day.

COLD WEATHER.

There was skating on several ponds in this vicinity yesterday and considerable ice has formed in the docks on the river.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

This forenoon the Pennsylvania railroad took possession of the Jersey roads, recently leased to it.

ARRIVED.

The steamer Algeria, from Liverpool, has arrived.

A Horrible Murder.

On Wednesday afternoon about six o'clock, a frightful murder was committed in Baltimore. A blind peddler named Frank Batty, attacked and almost chopped to pieces with a hatchet, a woman with whom he had been intimate for many years, and who was landlady of a house of bad reputation. He was standing in front of the fire with his arm around her waist when he began his murderous attack on her. Three women who were in the room ran screaming to the police station, from whence the officers hastened in time to meet the blind man, reeking with blood, on his way to give himself up. He had chopped the back part of her head quite off, so that the brain protruded, and her throat from behind the ear to the windpipe, so nearly severed the left hand at the wrist that it only hung loosely by the sinews, and deeply gashed her right hand. Yet the miserable wretch was not dead, and was still alive late on Wednesday night, although there was no chance of recovery. The blind man said that he had killed Fanny Cole because she had gotten all his money and given him an incurable disease, and now that he had had his revenge he was satisfied. Of course he is in close confinement.

—The North German Lloyd Line Steamship "Leipzig" sailed from the European Steamship Pier, Lorette Point, Baltimore, yesterday, at 2 o'clock P. M., for Bremen. She takes nine cabin passengers, and eighteen in the steerage. Her cargo consists of 720 hogsheads of tobacco, 5,730 boxes, barrels and bales, of which sixty hogsheads of tobacco from are the west.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, November 30.—Cotton active and firm; sales of 55,000 bales; good ordinary 17½@18c; low middlings 18½@18¾c; middlings 18¾c; receipts 11,000 bales; no exports; stock 138 000; week's sales 34,000; receipts, net 44,326; gross 50,258; exports to Liverpool 12,842; to the continent 10,109; coastwise 8,268.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, December 1.—Sugar firmer; inferior 6@6¾c; common 6¾@7½c; fair to fully fair 7¾@8¾c; prime to strictly prime 9¼@10¼c. Molasses dull; inferior 20@25c; common 20@30c; good common 31@38c; prime 40@41c; strictly prime to choice 42@46c.

PROVIDENCE.

Water.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., November 30.—Water was introduced into this city yesterday from the Pawtuxet river.

FIRE.

The Greystone Mill, in North Providence, owned by R. W. Cady, and run by Zebulon Whipple, was burned this morning. The insurances were $80,000 on the mill and machinery, and $5,000 on the stock. The loss has not been ascertained.

Charges of Fraud.

LITTLE ROCK, November 30.—It is rumored here that Benjamin Thomas, Commissioner of Public Works, and a member of the Clayton ring, has fraudulently issued $85,000 of Arkansas levee bonds. This is supposed to have some connection with the suicide of Col. Haymaker at St. Louis some days since. Haymaker was a banker at Fort Smith.

HOME NEWS.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGES HAMPTON AND KIRKPATRICK.

In the case of D. W. Smith vs. William and Thomas Boyd and Reuben Heister, which has been on trial for several days, the jury returned a verdict for defendants. Thomas and William Boyd, and for plaintiff, Smith, for $76.91 as against Reuben Heister.

William A. Koffe & Co. vs. W. Tiesher. Rule granted on the Prothonotary to assess damages in this case and orderd that the proceeds of sale be applied to satisfy judgment entered in the case.

A motion was made and reasons filed by defendant's attorney for a new trial in the case of McCabe vs. Burns.

There were no jury trials in Judge Kirkpatrick's branch of this court.

UNITED STATES COURT—JUDGE M'CANDLESS.

The bankruptcy branch of the court, the petition of Marion W. Dallas vs. Duncan Keith, of Freeport, was filed, and the usual rule granted. The petition sets forth that in 1868 the petitioner entered suits against Keith in the Common Pleas Court of Armstrong county to recover for violation of contract, and obtained a verdict for $8,000, which amount, with interest, it is alleged, is still unpaid.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—JUDGE M'CANDLESS.

The case of Fair's executors vs. Trustees of the Hempfield Railroad Company, which was taken up Wednesday, was continued yesterday.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGE STOWE.

Argument list continued.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—The attendance on Thanksgiving was very good, and seemed to be well appreciated. Last evening Mr. Mathew's took a benefit. The audience was not as large as we wished for, yet considering all things, the extreme weather and following on a holiday, will somewhat alleviate any disappointment he may have felt. Matinee this afternoon, and last appearance this evening.

FIFTH AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.—The Thanksgiving matinee at this house was crowded, Mr. Riggs being in excellent humor, rendering his Irish characters with a most pleasing effect. In the evening "Shin Fane" was repeated to a full house. Last evening Mr. Riggs appeared under very great disadvantage, that of having a severe cold. The house was a fair one, and Mr. Riggs' efforts to hide his hoarseness were duly appreciated by the house. Matinee this afternoon, "Shin Fane" will be repeated, and last performance to-night. We hope to see the house crowded.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The entertainments given during the past week at this "model little temple" by "Happy Cal Wagner's Minstrels" have been better patronized than any minstrel troupe that has passed through Pittsburgh for some time. It has been crowded nightly, and we can promise our neighboring cities that a rare treat is in store for them. Every one seems delighted, and we should not, with such men as Wagner, Fox, McCallister, Carter and Clapham. The troupe is numerous, and thoroughly refined in all their songs and dances, and we advise all to pay them a visit, as to-night they give their last performance in the city. There will be a matinee for ladies and children at half past two this afternoon.

SACRED CONCERT.—The grand Sacred Concert at St. Paul's Cathedral, on Tuesday evening, for the benefit of the choir of the Cathedral, was eminently successful. The audience, though not as large as we expected, was select and discriminating, and truly appreciative of the high order of the night's programme of music embraced in the programme. The solo in "Dixit Dominus" was rendered by Mr. Boehm in superb manner, and would have called forth a hearty applause, had applauding been in order. Mr. Hoo has a few more as a baratone. "Juravit" quartette and chorus, and "Dominus a destris," trio, by Miss Henne, and Messrs. Largo and Benitz, was admirably performed, as was also "Judicabit," solo and chorus, Mrs. Boehm as soloist. The "Gloria" by Misses Foley and O'Brien was alike creditable to these young ladies. There were other performances we would be pleased to particularize, but space prevents. The Quonsam solo by Mr. J. Benitz was finely executed. Mr. B. has a rich bass voice, and sang with much ease and grace the most difficult passages in "Quonsam," one of Rossini's master-pieces. "Pantum Ergo," composed by Eder McConnell, Esq., and leader of the choir was the gem of the evening. Miss Henne as soloist. This composition has been pronounced by exacting critics, as a brilliant effort. The violin solo with organ accompaniment by Professors Manning and Nichols was of a very high order, and the duet was exceedingly well rendered to the end. Altogether the concert both artistically and financially, was a success.

GEORGIA MINSTRELS.—This popular and only "colored" minstrel troupe, will give three performances at Masonic Hall, commencing on Tuesday next.

Mrs. Woodhull at Library Hall.

Mrs. Victoria Woodhull appeared at Library Hall last evening, and there were present to hear her perhaps three hundred persons, generally of the male persuasion, with just a sufficient sprinkling of the fairer element to relieve the monotony. She appeared upon the stage shortly after eight o'clock, and the audience then saw before them a figure of medium height and of graceful proportions, modestly and neatly arrayed in a suit of black, set off with a plain linen collar and small silk scarf of the same color. The countenance was more that of a girl, fair and full, and regular as a Grecian model, dark, flashing black eyes, and all crowned with a mass of light brown, bushy hair, which was pushed backed carelessly and fell down to the shoulders in wavy tresses, altogether a stage presence, very prepossessing, and not to be excelled even by the most popular of our female lecturesses, Anna Dickinson.

The lecture was not on social topics but a dry, abstruse, labored argument in favor of woman suffrage, which proved to have a powerful soporific influence upon many of her auditors—conspicuous among whom was a brother journalist, representing a German contemporary—not the *Freiheits Freund*—who had the audacity to go off into dreamland right under her eyes, and to send back pleasant echoes in the way of snores to the boddings at length were observed by the audience and they were once accord broke forth into a round of applause, stamping and laughter, which being repeated several times had the effect of recalling him to duty and awakening the drowsy in other parts of the hall. The lecturess concluded, however, unmindful of this interruption, and at last drew to a close, after being several times advised and again applauded. She read from a printed pamphlet and after closing the last page, all the while speaking in a nervous, high-toned way, with a stagy style, she suddenly stepped out from the stand, and assuming a more natural tone, remarked, "And now a word for myself." (And a word people were in expectation). "As I was coming to Pittsburgh I picked up a paper and read that the Pittsburgh editor advised you not to come here, to-night. [Applause.] All I have to say is I'm glad you have in your city a modern Christ to teach the people," and then she disappeared.

In all her discourse there was nothing at which offence could be taken, and if her record could have been blotted out there was nothing—save in its dullness—to make this lecture unprofitable or unpleasant.

Jewel Casket Initial Note Paper

This new and novel method of putting jewelry and certificates for valuable ladies watches in boxes of French note pa

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SATURDAY, DEC. 2, 1871.

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

ELECTION, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1871

FOR MAYOR—B. W. MORGAN.
FOR TREASURER—C. L. MAGEE.
FOR CONTROLLER—R. J. McDOWAN.

BONDS at Frankfort 97@97½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 46f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110¾.

HON. R. W. MACKEY has returned home from Harrisburg.

VOTE only the straight Republican ticket on Tuesday.

SOUNDING their own requiem—Democrats tolling the bell.

TURN OUT, Republicans, and administer another rebuke to Democracy.

DO NOT be caught with the chaff thrown out by the Democracy in the shape of a reform ticket.

THE Democrats were out in force on Thanksgiving Day, tolling the bell in advance of their political defeat.

DON'T believe one of the many stories put in circulation concerning Mr. B. W. Morgan. They are all false and malicious.

WE never heard of such contemptible electioneering as that going on concerning our candidate for Mayor. It is base and malicious.

ON TUESDAY NEXT the citizens of Pittsburgh will decide whether Democracy shall hold the municipal reins for the next three years.

WE are informed that Blackmore's unfortunate dockets make strange revelations. Fines remitted from the very worst characters in the city.

LAST FALL the "reform" humbug was played on a large scale in the county, but it did not win; and now in minature form the same game comes up in the municipal contest. Let the snake again be scotched

OF COURSE R. J. McDowan, Esq., candidate for re election to the position of City Controller, will go through with flying colors on Tuesday, as there is no opposition to him from any quarter. He is a most worthy gentleman, and well qualified for the duties of the office.

WE WOULD suggest to the Hon. the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas that they postpone the appointment of ward overseers until Monday, which will give all the districts an opportunity of suggesting proper persons, who will be able to attend to the important duties.

WE understand that some of Blackmore's friends have been making up pools at the drinking houses and engaging in all manner of bets on Blackmore's election. Mr. Morgan's friends are not of that character, we are happy to state, and our Democratic neighbors enjoy a monopoly in this line.

WE desire to put on record our decided preference for Mr. Chris. L. Magee as City Treasurer. He is a young man of scrupulously correct habits and rare financial ability. His long service in the offices of City Controller and Treasurer has fully fitted him for the mastery of the details of the municipal business. There is no more competent or trustworthy citizen in the community, and we look for his election by a large majority.

WE earnestly hope that no Republican will remain away from the polls on Tuesday next. Don't fail to cast your vote for the party candidates, because of some personal grievance. If our candidates are to ber, honest and capable, it is all that we ought to require. We cannot always have a ticket, that will personally please every voter. Any public man of decided and energetic character must necessarily make enemies. He cannot do his whole duty, and please everyboly.

NOTHING can be preferred against the Republican candidate for City Treasurer, C. L. Magee, Esq., to detract from his merits or to win a single vote from him. He is a gentleman of high character and unblemished reputation, and having been born and raised in the city, is very generally known and esteemed. He is a thorough accountant, and a long clerical experience in the offices of the City Controller and City Treasurer has afforded him full knowledge of the business and financial affairs of the city. A sterling and active Republican and an honest and capable citizen, he deserves election by an almost unanimous vote. No Republican having the welfare of the city at heart will fail to cast his vote for Mr. Magee on Tuesday next.

WE HAVE HEARD some of those grumblers who are in the habit of thinking that whatever is is wrong, grievously malign the Secretary of the Navy for his "unexampled severity" in dealing with the naval cadets at Annapolis, and the President for sustaining the action of the Naval Minister of his Cabinet. "Boys will be boys you know, and it is only some of their mischief resulting from healthy exuberance of animal spirits," is a favorite style of putting it with such people, but, constitutional fault-finders as they are, we think that, perhaps, if they were told what a little of this boyish exuberance really was, they might acquit Mr. Robeson of the charge they make against him. What, for example, do they think of *young gentlemen* who force weak lads, who are in their power, to drink a beverage composed of castor oil, mucilage, tooth powder, quinine and ink, or, by way of variety, hang them out of a third story window by their heels until nearly dead? Or how, we venture to inquire, would *they* like to be members of the lower class, and, for that reason only, be forced to sit naked on a float in the river, with the certainty of being stoned by practiced marksmen every time they ventured to lift their heads above the water? Or, if orthodox, what would be their feelings if forced to kneel before a statue and pray for those who were at that very moment despitefully using them, by kicks and blows, and who were about to evilly entreat them by ducking them under the hydrant? Such were a few of the gentle pastimes of these poor innocent creatures who think they have been hardly used, and accuse the Secretary of not dealing with them as if they were gentlemen. For our part, we cry, bravo! to Mr. Robeson, and deeply regret that he can not thrust a strong hand in amongst the various colleges in the land as well as into the Naval Academy.

ALLEGHENY PRIMARIES.

The primary elections take place to-day in Allegheny for the municipal offices. In some of the wards the excitement runs high. The contests for the various positions will call out a large vote, as the nominations are pretty generally equivalent to an election. In the First ward the principal contest is for School Directors, the present Board, who are seeking a re-election, wish to erect a new school house on the swamp land in front of South avenue, whilst this measure is opposed on the grounds, first, that the ward does not need a new school building, and second, that in case one is to be built, the ground spoken of is not suitable for the purpose, nor centrally situated. The election will be closely contested, and as the issue is plainly before the voters a large vote will doubtless be polled. In the other wards the Mayoralty and Council are the most prominent questions. We will publish the result on Monday.

THAT INTERVIEW.

The scandalous falsehoods put in circulation during the past few days, tending to injure the character of Mr. B. W. Morgan, Republican candidate for Mayor of this city, by alienating friends, are simply monstrous. We did not think it possible for any one, having a particle of self respect, to engage in such base work. Finding it impossible to defeat our candidate by any fair means, our enemies have resorted to the most unheard of libels, and are engaged in spreading through the city the most outrageous and malicious reports of language used, and interviews had, that ever disgraced the fair name of any citizen. Nothing appears too base and malicious for the gossip of the hour, and groundless stories are fabricated and repeated from mouth to mouth, until we are almost ready to give up in despair of getting at the truth.

Among other things which are being spread through the city on the wings of scandal, is the report of the interview between His Honor, Mayor Brush and Mr. Morgan; and we deem it but simple justice to both parties, to give an unvarnished recital of the facts relating to this matter. Somebody wrote a letter to the Mayor, stating that Mr. Morgan had publicly boasted that "when elected, he would bring Mayor Brush and his clerk to their knees," and similar stuff. The Mayor sent for Mr. Morgan, who upon reading the letter, emphatically denied the truth of its contents, and demanded to know who its author was. The Mayor explained that he did not know the author, except that he was a resident of the Twenty-first ward. Mr. Morgan offered to face him and denounce his statements as false. After search, the writer of the letter could not be found, and it is currently believed that the name signed to it was a fictitious one. The letter was evidently written in order to create trouble and alienation between our worthy Mayor and Mr. Morgan. The latter assures us that there is not one word of truth in it, that he never in his life spoke disrespectfully of Mayor Brush, and feels deeply chagrined and mortified to think that any one could be so base and malicious as to state the contrary. We feel satisfied, that when the matter is fully explained, this effort to create trouble among friends, will prove a vain one.

"WHO IS TO BE THE TRAITOR."

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 29, 1871.

There is quite an inquiry for the man who can meet the wants of the Democratic party. The case is urgent and the means used show how desperate are the circumstances of the Democratic party. Montgomery Blair makes an open bid through an "interviewer," which seems to be an inclination of the drifting fortunes of a once powerful political organization.

It committed the unpardonable sin against the country in its time of extreme peril, and the people will not entrust it with power until it in some way, stones for its treachery.

Montgomery Blair sees all this, and confesses the utter hopelessness of their cause, and endeavors to prepare the way for an independent Republican candidate. He seems to be as indiscreet as his brother General F. P. Blair was, in publishing his celebrated Brodhead letter just prior to the holding of the Democratic convention in 1868.

The question propounded in political circles is "Who is to be the Traitor," that is to desert and carry over to the enemy a sufficient force to give victory to a party "which through its perfidy and treachery has so fallen under the wrath of a nation's retributive justice." From the earnestness of the Democratic leaders, in this search for a Republican who will go over to their camp, we may expect soon, to hear that they found some who are willing to be put in training. O. P. Q.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Among the encouraging signs of progress in the Christian Church, is the holding of a species of mass meetings to consider questions agitated inside of a denomination, or to promote the welfare of all the churches. These gatherings often take up matters that do not properly belong to the business of Conventions and Conferences, convened to consider the regular work authorized by their respective Church authorities. Frequently new educational and benevolent projects are set in motion by such bodies, and afterwards become a part of the working machinery of the denomination interested. Church Congresses are becoming an interesting feature in England and other places across the ocean, and more recently the attention of the churches have been called to the pleasant results of a Church Congress held at Nottingham, England. At this meeting ministers and laymen of different bodies participated, although called by the proper authorities of the Church of England, and presided over by the resident Bishop of the Diocese. At these Congresses prominent ministers and laymen, previously appointed, read papers upon certain subjects selected for consideration, after which comes a free and general discussion on the part of the ministers and laity. Something like this plan of Conventions have been successfully held by two or three leading denominations in this country, but the practice is not general, but, however, steadily growing in favor. We have been prompted to the foregoing by the reading of an able paper by the editor of *The Churchman*, commending the holding of meetings similar to the English Church Congresses, to give the clergy and laity an opportunity to discuss questions of interest, both theoretical and practical, in a free and general manner, which are to some extent outside of the proceedings of the diocesian and general Conventions. By this means persons of different schools can explain their views, and thereby attain a clearer understanding of each other's ideas and position. There is no doubt but much of the angularities may be rubbed off by mutual contract, and thereby lose some of their narrowness.

In Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe's novel, "My Wife and I," she thinks there is one peculiarity of the professors of the Christian religion, at least of late years, not to arrange their system of education with any wise adaptation to having their young men come out of it Christians. She asserts in this they differ from other religionists. The Brahams educate their sons so that they shall infallibly become Brahams; the Jews so that they shall infallibly become Jews; the Mohammedans so that they shall be Mohammedans; but the Christians she argues teach their sons so that nearly half of them turn out unbelievers—professors of no religion at all.

The *United Presbyterian* of this city, in referring to the recent organization of a Young Ladies' Christian Association in New York city, to take care of the young woman who go to that place, asks if the Christians of the metropolis cannot so work their forces as to do what is universally Church work, without the aid of outside organizations.

The crowd of the Iowa Disciples, just published, we presume expresses the sentiments of the entire body, comprising nine articles, namely: 1. The inspiration of the Holy Scriptures. 2. The Old and New Covenants. 3. The Deity of the Lord Jesus Christ. 4. The Church as a Missionary body. 5. Divine agency necessary to Salvation. 6. A converted membership. 7. Personality and worth of the Holy Spirit. 8. Baptism for the remission of sins; provided it be preceded by a change of heart. 9. The unity of the Church of Christ.

According to Brobst's German Almanac for the year 1871, the statistics of the Lutheran Church in America, are as follows: Ministers, 2,175; congregations, 3,826; communicants, 458,607.

The Advance very properly denominates the holding of the National Congregational Council at Oberlin, Ohio, the "New Departure," as this organization is to be a permanent institution in Congregationalism.

The *Christian Observer* thus defines *baptize*: "It means to assault; to let fall; to weigh down; to pierce; to hurl down; to surround; to press down; to rise above; to *dip*; to *submerge*; to trust; to blow; to strive; to proceed; to sink; to *immerge*; to imbathe; to *plunge*; to lower down; to *immerse*; to come on; to overturn; to bail up; to flood; to *whelm*; to pour; to souse; to bring down; to depress; to steep; to drench, and to duck." The *Western Recorder* (Ky.) retorts sharply, and asks the writer of the above in what way *he* was baptized. "Was he assaulted, let fall, weighed down; pierced, hurled down; surrounded, pressed down, *risen above*, (spare the English, dipped,) submerged, thrust, blown, struck, proceeded, (!) sunk, immerged, imbathed, plunged, *lowered down*, (not our fault,) immersed, come on, (don't feel offended,) overturned, bailed up, flooded, whelmed, poured, soused, brought down, depressed, steeped, drenched, or ducked?" It then proceeds to ridicule the writer in the *Observer* in the roughest style.

A Boston secular journal calls attention to the fact, speaking of the election of Rev. Dr. Howe to the Episcopate of the new diocese of Central Pennsylvania, that this is the ninth instance of the selection of bishops from clergymen who have been rectors of Boston churches during some portion of their ministry.

The project for a General Council of Yearly Meetings of the Society of Friends, was not favorably received by the Yearly Meeting of Indiana.

An elegant new Methodist Episcopal church was dedicated recently, at Port Washington, Long Island, by Bishop Ames. The entire edifice, with all its furniture, bell, books, cushions, etc., was the gift of John Wesley Harper, Esq., eldest son of John Harper, Esq., of the firm of Harper & Brothers, mammoth book publishers, when completed the day previous, was handed over to the trustees, free from all liabilities, to be used as a Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Harper built for himself and family a beautiful residence, two years ago, near that point, and seeing the need of a M. E. Church, generously built this one. An act like this speaks volumes in praise of the giver, and is worthy of emulation by others enjoying wealth.

THE architects have held a convention in Boston, and, among other papers read by the members, we specially notice one by Mr. Russell Sturgis, Jr., on the use of terra cotta in building. This material is burnt clay mixed with pulverized glass, earthen ware or fossil bones. It was used by the Egyptians, and afterward by the Greeks and Romans, and later still by the architects of the Middle Ages. The Nineveh statues and tables of terra cotta, with written engravings, remain to-day as sharp and clear as ever. Lately the composition has come into general use for fine buildings in London. Mr. Sturgis claimed for it a great deal of strength and durability; for a solid block, one foot square, will sustain a weight of 885 tons without cracking, and its cost is less than that of stone. But Mr. McArthur, of Philadelphia, thought terra cotta lacked certain qualities necessary for trustworthy work. It did not shrink evenly in baking, and a great deal of time was required for its preparation, and the blocks were necessarily too small. Some of the architects defended terra cotta, and some of them assailed it; nor do we see that the convention came to any authoritative decision upon the question.

It really begins to seem as though there was no end to the wealth of our Pacific coast. California is noted for its gold and silver mines; its fruit is gigantic, luscious and perennial; the silk worm weaves its costly web on the leaves of thousands of its mulberry trees; cotton has found a home upon its soil; almost everything counted as valuable and belonging to the mineral kingdom is found among its mountains, and now a "fine vein of Carrara marble" recently discovered sends its citizens into ecstatic transports. "Art flourished under Grecian and Italian skies, and the same reasons exist for its cultivation here. The Carrara marble to carry on one branch of the fine arts is said to be within our reach," shouts an enthusiast. The locality where this new source of wealth is said to be found is somewhat vaguely described as being "near the south end of Pyramid Lake, on the Indian Reservation there, and about twenty-two miles from the railroad." Permission has already been obtained to open the quarry by an enterprising gentleman of Sacramento, and ere long California marble will be brought before the eyes of an anxious and expectant public.

THE sensitiveness of England and Russia with regard to their possessions in the East is now appearing in a new form. The Crimean war was begun, it will be remembered, for the ostensible purpose of protecting Turkey from Russia, though in reality to teach Russia that she must not continue her efforts to secure territory toward the south. Now, however, England finds that Turkey and its dependency, Egypt, may cut off her own communication with the east, and accordingly her sympathies are changing their direction. She finds that the interests of herself and Russia about the Black Sea and the Mediterranean are identical, provided that there can be such a division as to secure the freedom of the Suez Canal for England. It will be interesting to know what England will say about Russia's progress toward Hindostan by way of Central Asia. It may be that the doctors will disagree in the further east, while agreeing as to the remedies to be used in the case of Turkey and Egypt.

THE Philadelphia *Ledger* says: We see it published, and we suppose it is true that all the bonds for the new funded loan for Europe are forwarded direct to Assistant Secretary Richardson in London, whose duty it is to deliver them as required by the syndicate, none being delivered until full payment is received. The Assistant Secretary in London announces that he has forwarded to the Treasury $7,000,000 of the 5-20s of 1862, and that he should probably send twenty millions more before the end of the month. The Secretary expects to have in possession the full hundred millions within three months from the issuing of their recall.

CORNS.

The complete solvent and destroyer of Corns will be found in the Corn Solvent sold in pencils, which is touched to the corn, or bunion, or wart, and in a few days it is completely dissolved and the place left smooth and healthy. Be careful to get none but those sold at KEYSER'S, 167 Liberty street, as many of the Solvents made in imitation of these are worthless. Price 50 cents; 60 cents by mail.

THE BEST SYRINGES, ALL KINDS.
THE BEST TRUSSES, ALL KINDS.
THE BEST BANDAGES, ALL KINDS.
THE BEST ELASTIC STOCKINGS.
THE BEST BREAST PUMPS, ALL KINDS.
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The best and most complete assortment of all sorts of mechanical appliances, for sale constantly at Dr. KEYSER'S Great Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street.

WHEN YOU WANT

WHEN YOU WANT
A nice, good, fresh article in the Drug, Perfume, or Patent Medicine, go to

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S,
Where you will find the
BEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN THE CITY AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES,
SOLD AT THE DRUG AND FAMILY MEDICINE DEPOT.
Corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

THE TRUE GROUND OF CONFIDENCE.

Whence comes that firm reliance, that absolute, undoubting faith in the efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a remedy for indigestion, bilious disorders, in remittent and remittent fevers, which notoriously prevails in all parts of the United States? This confidence has been growing for twenty years, and it is still extending. It is not the result of credulity; it has not been engendered by any human device, but is the spontaneous and natural consequence of experiences. What people see daily going on under their own eyes they can not question. When families in unhealthy districts, that resort to this wholesome vegetable tonic as a preventive, escape periodical fevers, and their neighbors, who neglect that precaution, are prostrated by the disease, how is it possible that the phenomenon should be without its lesson? In like manner when it is seen that obstinate cases of dyspepsia, of liver complaint, of constipation, of extraordinary weakness, and of general debility, yield to the operation of the famous remedy, how can even incredulity itself withhold its endorsement? Eyewitnesses of the salutary effects of this medicine are to be found in every civilized settlement on this continent. The thousands upon thousands who owe their restoration to health and strength, or their preservation from sickness to its extraordinary medicinal properties, are enthusiastic in its praise. The multitudes who recommend it in a neighborly way to their friends and acquaintances, as well as those who make public their estimate of its virtues, are always ready to state their reasons for the faith that is in them. They have all either felt or witnessed its beneficent operations.

A SINGULAR enough circumstance (truth stranger than fiction,) has occurred in Massachusetts. About 35 years ago a man named Colburn ran away, leaving his wife and two children destitute. The mother and daughter died, the son struggled on, obtained an education, and is now a minister and Chaplain of the State Prison. He has never heard of his father, and supposed him dead. But suddenly there came a letter from the old gentleman; he is not dead in the least, but alive in Washington Territory, and quite rich. He also announced his intention of coming to Boston, where he hopes to spend the remainder of his days in "peace and plenty." The Boston *Journal* says that the Rev. Mr. Colburn is now daily expecting the arrival of his long absent father. This is the sort of thing which it would not surprise us to read in a novel, but in real life, it is not of the every day sort. The number of chaplains whose fathers ran away 35 years ago, and are now able to come back rich and repentant, must be small; but if any more such sires there be, let them read this paragraph, and start at once.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,

367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES.
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.

Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

"Absolutely the Best Protection Against Fire."
OVER ONE THOUSAND
Actual Fires Put Out With It!
MORE THAN
$8,000,000.00
worth of property saved from the flames!

THE BABCOCK

FIRE EXTINGUISHER

F. W. FARWELL, Sec'y,
656 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

In daily use by the Fire Departments of the principal cities of the Union.
The Government has adopted it. The leading Railways use it. Insurance Companies reduce rates where it is introduced.
SEND FOR "ITS RECORD."

GEO. T. CARTER & CO.
General Agents,
67 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
no23 f44

CHICAGO AND WHEELING.

Additional Testimony
OF THE
EXCELLENT QUALITIES
OF THE
Burke & Barnes'
FIRE PROOF SAFES,

[From the Pittsburgh Commercial.]

One of our bankers who has witnessed the effects of the great Chicago fire on the safes, so-called fire-proof, informs us that a greater part of those which were directly in contact with the fire failed to protect the papers inside—that the safes already advertised as having withstood the fire were in most cases protected by vaults or covered by fallen debris, and thus kept cool. With this before us, we have no hesitation in saying that all the safes now advertised as having withstood the fire will be inserted, and the space allotted to advertisements is limited.

FOURTH—The terms are very moderate in proportion to those charged by periodicals of scarcely half the circulation.

NOW IS THE TIME
To Make Arrangements to Advertise.

Call and see our list of subscribers or address the proprietors.

H. J. MURDOCH & CO.,
no27:v36 74 THIRD AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

For Thanksgiving!

Choice New Dehesa Raisins.
Choice New Seedless Raisins.
Choice New Valencia Raisins.
Choice New Zante Currants.
Choice New Malaga Grapes.
Choice New Basket Figs.
Choice New French Prunes.
Choice New Candied Citron.
Choice New Lemon and Orange Peel.
Choice New Clover Honey.

Maltby's Oysters, Wright's Minced Meat, Ridley's Candies, Paper Shell Almonds, Young America and Pine Apple Cheese, English and American Crackers, Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles and Sauces, &c. For sale by

Jno. A. Renshaw & Co.,
FAMILY GROCERS,
Corner Liberty and Ninth Streets.
no22:f39

STEAM HEATING
BY
High or Low Pressure.

Estimates furnished on application. Send for Pamphlet, with references, to

GEO. W. BLAKE,
215 Centre Street, New York.
oc7:d38

"GUIDING STAR."

We now have a full supply of the celebrated

"Guiding Star" brand of Flour,

Which we are offering to the trade at prices that can't fail to please.

WATT, LANG & CO.,
Nos. 172 and 174 Wood Street,
no6 Sole Agents for the Mills for this city.

J. WECKESSER, C. SCHIENLE. C. SONNENFROH, D. BECKER.

A New Establishment.
WECKESSER, SCHIENLE & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Furniture and Upholstery,
127 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

DRIED PEACHES.—10,000 pounds choice new halves.
ONIONS—100 Barrels prime Yellow.
APPLES—100 Barrels good varieties.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
no14 141 First avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

Skirts! Skirts!
SKIRTS!

A large stock of Printed, Embossed and Velvet Trimmed, All-Wool Seamless Felt Skirts, Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Knit Underskirts, at bargain prices.

AT $1.50 AND $2.

All-Wool Felt Skirts,
Printed Borders, Decided Bargains.

AT $2.

Fine Felt Skirts.
Velvet Trimmed, a Great Bargain.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

A large and choice stock of all the latest novelties in Woolen and Broche Shawls, Long and Square Black Thibet Shawls.

Ladies' and Misses'
CLOTH SACQUES,
RICHLY TRIMMED.

Mantilla Velvets
AND
CLOAKING CLOTHS,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

Splendid Stock
OF
NEW GOODS,
JUST RECEIVED AT
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

Silks! Silks!

New Black Gros Grain Silks of the best makes and finish, ranging in price from $1.25 to $4.00.

DRESS GOODS.

Many new and handsome styles of Plaids and Plain Goods are added to this Department, to which we invite the attention of purchasers.

Shawls! Shawls!

This Department embraces very many beautiful Shawls in Stripes, Plaids and Broche, to which customers are invited.

Alpacas and Mohairs, Cashmeres and Merinos, Flannels and Country Blankets.

Fine Eastern Blankets at less than Wholesale Prices.

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

TO ADVERTISERS.

THE
"United Presbyterian"

Offers unusual advantages as an advertising medium. It is a large, double sheet, Weekly, Religious and Secular Newspaper. It enters upon its Thirtieth Volume, January 4, 1872.

REASONS WHY

the *United Presbyterian* is unsurpassed, if equaled, by any newspaper in the West:

FIRST—The *United Presbyterian* has a MUCH LARGER CIRCULATION than any paper published in the United Presbyterian denomination, and as large or larger, than any other religious paper published in this portion of the country.

SECOND—It goes into thousands of families weekly, many of whom take no other.

THIRD—No advertisement of an objectionable kind will be inserted, and the space allotted to advertisements is limited.

FOURTH—The terms are very moderate in proportion to those charged by periodicals of scarcely half the circulation.

NOW IS THE TIME
To Make Arrangements to Advertise.

Call and see our list of subscribers or address the proprietors.

H. J. MURDOCH & CO.,
no27:v36 74 THIRD AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

For Thanksgiving!

Choice New Dehesa Raisins.
Choice New Seedless Raisins.
Choice New Valencia Raisins.
Choice New Zante Currants.
Choice New Malaga Grapes.
Choice New Basket Figs.
Choice New French Prunes.
Choice New Candied Citron.
Choice New Lemon and Orange Peel.
Choice New Clover Honey.

Maltby's Oysters, Wright's Minced Meat, Ridley's Candies, Paper Shell Almonds, Young America and Pine Apple Cheese, English and American Crackers, Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles and Sauces, &c. For sale by

Jno. A. Renshaw & Co.,
FAMILY GROCERS,
Corner Liberty and Ninth Streets.
no22:f39

BOOTS, SHOES,
AND
RUBBERS,
For Winter Wear.

A full stock of all the latest styles and best makes, very cheap.

A FULL SELECTION OF
Ladies' and Misses'
WHITE SHOES AND SLIPPERS.
AS WELL AS
Gents' Fine Slippers,
JUST RECEIVED.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
31 Fifth Avenue.
no28:f78

ARTHUR KIRK,
AGENT FOR
Hazard's Blasting, Mining and Sporting Powders,

All kinds of Fuse constantly on hand. Orders promptly filled, at
No. 19 SEVENTH STREET, (late Irwin)
au18 PITTSBURGH.

RAFFLE—WILL BE RAFFLED at East Liberty Stock Yards, on WEDNESDAY, December 13th, 1871, a thorough bred OHIO STEER, weighing the enormous weight of 3,500 pounds, said to be the finest and largest ox stock ever fed in Ohio; can be seen at Stock Yards until time of raffle; to be raffled off at $250, 110 chances at $5 each; also on exhibition, a very fine HEIFER, which will be disposed of at same time. All Butchers wanting fine beef for holidays, will call and judge for themselves. We defy the State to beat this steer for fineness, style, weight and quality. no30:d3d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

COMFORTS,
Blankets, Blankets,
COVERLETS.

At $2 and $2.50 a pair, Gray Blankets, slightly imperfect—great bargains.

Flannels,
Cassimeres,
Waterproof Cloths,
A LARGE STOCK AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

DRESS GOODS.

Extra good bargains in Poplin, Serge and 6-4 All-Wool Soft Plaids.

A complete stock of Mourning Dress Goods, Black Alpacas, Colored Alpacas.

Plain and Corded Poplin Satines.

All Wool Serge Cloths, Silk Warp Epinglines.

Rolled Silk Poplins, Japanese Silks.

Black Silks, Plain Dress, all colors, at the lowest prices.

At 10c., all the best styles and makes of Prints.
At 25c., Fine French Chintzes, rich styles.
At 25c., Fine Striped Poplins, a great bargain.
At 37½c., Satine Cloths, all the new winter shades.
At 50c., Double Warp Poplins, worth 50c.
At 12½c., Good Styles Delaines, best Cloths.
At 12½c., Plain Gray Carpet.
At 12½c., Bookfold Barred Flannels.
At 25c., Heavy Twilled Gray Flannels.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

115. 115.
COUNTRY
MERCHANTS

Are invited to call and examine our large new stock of Fall and Winter Goods, just opened, and which will be kept up during the season by the daily arrival of new goods. We offer everything at the lowest Eastern prices, and propose to save the buyer the expense of a trip East and his freights. We are sole Agents for Fullerton's Freeport Barred Flannels, Greenville Barred Flannels, Blankets and Yarns; also, sell Bradley's Emdale and Eastern Flannels at less than mill prices. We have an elegant line of Silks, Poplins, Plaids, Satines, Epinglines, Merinos, Alpacas, Repps, Delaines, Waterproofs, Black and Colored Velveteens, Shawls in Plaids, Stripes, Thibet, Broche and Paisley; Skirts, Embossed, Printed, Seamless, Felt and Balmoral; Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Ticks, Cantons, Towelings; Flannels, Red, White, Yellow and Gray in plain and twilled; French Plaid and Opera Flannels in all colors; Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Tweeds, Satinetts, Blankets, Bleached and Brown Sheeting (all widths and qualities); Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cords, Buttons, Braids, and an endless variety of Notions and Small Goods wanted by every Merchant, all of which we propose to sell at bottom prices.

CALL AND SEE,
AT
115 Wood Street.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.
se26:a70

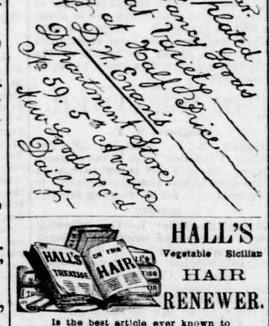
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS, SUCH AS COUGHS, COLDS, WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA AND CONSUMPTION.

The few composition which have won the confidence of mankind and become household words, are not only now, but many nations. Of this number is the extraordinary virtues. Perhaps no one ever secured so wide a reputation or maintained it so long as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It has been known to the public about forty years, by a long continued series of wonderful cures, which have won for it a confidence in its virtues never equalled by any other medicine. It still makes the most effectual cures of *Coughs, Colds, Consumption*, that can be made by medical skill. Indeed the CHERRY PECTORAL has really robbed these dangerous diseases of their terrors, to a great extent, and given a feeling of immunity from their fatal effects, which is well founded, if the remedy be taken in season. Every family should have it in their house for the ready and prompt relief of its members. Sickness, suffering and even life is saved by this timely protection. The wise will not neglect it, and the wise will not. Keep it by you for the protection it affords in sudden attacks, and by its timely use.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
And sold by Druggists all round the world.

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
se11:p26 MWF-T



HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian
HAIR
RENEWER.
Is the best article ever known to
Restore Gray Hair
TO ITS ORIGINAL YOUTHFUL COLOR.
It will prevent the Hair from falling out.
Makes the Hair smooth and glossy, and does not stain the skin as others.

OUR TREATISE ON THE HAIR
SENT FREE BY MAIL.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists.
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
no7:MWF-T Wholesale Agents.

BAGS.

Cotton Seamless Bags have advanced, but being fortunate enough to have a large stock (about 11,000) on hand, we are selling them at the old prices. We manufacture a Bag called the Philadelphia, a Bag which is equal, if not superior, to any in the market. Of them we have three sizes, 2, 2¼ and 3 bushels.

We also manufacture Paper Bags, Ropes and Twines.

JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.,
847 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; N. E. corner Market and Water Streets, Philadelphia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

Furs, Furs, Furs, Furs.

A choice stock of Ladies, Misses and Children's FURS at very low prices.

CHILDREN'S
KNIT SETS,
Capes and Muffs.

Ladies' and Children's Woolen Hoods.
Ladies' White and Colored Nubias.
Ladies' and Children's Woolen Gloves.
Roman Striped Woolen Scarfs.
Roman Striped Silk Scarfs.
Broche Scarfs, all colors.
Plain, Plaid and Roman Striped Sash Ribbons.
Rich Velvet Edged Sash Ribbons.
Ladies' and Misses' Hats and Bonnets.
All kinds of Hat and Bonnet Trimmings.
Trimming Velvets and Plushes.
Velveteens and Terry Velvets all colors.
Silk and Velveteen Ribbons.
Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.
Gents' Neck Ties, Scarfs and Bows.
Gents' Hosiery and Gloves.
Gents' Plaid Flannel Shirts.
Gents' White Dress Shirts.
Fancy Jewelry, Jet and Gold Bracelets, and a great variety of Fancy Goods, at very low prices.

Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

GRATES.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
WELLMAN PATENT
Reflector Stoves
AND
GRATES,
KELL'S PATENT
IRON HEARTH,
The Anchor Sad Iron,
FIRE IRON STANDS, &C.

The Reflector Is the best and Cleanest Grate in existence. It consumes less fuel and produces more heat than any other. We challenge a trial.

The Iron Hearth Will be found more desirable and cheaper than either Marble or Brick.

THE GREAT REPUTATION OF THE

Anchor Sad Iron Has induced unprincipled parties to adopt our style with the intention of deceiving the public. We caution our customers and the public generally against this fraud.

Our Irons are all PLANED and bear the ANCHOR (our Trade Mark) on the upper side.

Agent of the Grates may be seen at BARNES' corner Third avenue and Market street, or GOODWIN'S, 66 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the

WEST POINT FOUNDRY,
Cor. Duquesne Way and Water Street,
se23:a61 PITTSBURGH.

American Watches.
Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,
OF ALL GRADES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the Lowest in the City.
THE
"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."
This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham. Its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.
FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE.
Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.
au22:p57

The Triumph
COOKING STOVES.
THE
Triumph and Jackson
COOK STOVES,

Used by thousands of housekeepers. There are no better operating or more substantial Cooking Stoves in the market. Warranted to Bake or Roast as well as any other make. For sale by dealers generally and manufactured by

BISSELL & CO.,
235 Liberty Street.

FOR SALE.
MAGNIFICENT
BUILDING SITES.

Lots! Lots! Lots!

The most attractive and desirable sites for homes within the city limits. Good neighborhood, good water, fuel convenient, easy of access, being located at Fort Herron, the terminus of the Centre Passenger Railway. Terms easy. Inquire of

C. H. LOVE,
No. 58 FOURTH AVENUE, or to
R. G. HERRON,
au17 ON THE PREMISES.

DR. WHITTIER
396 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA
A regular Graduate of Medicine, as his Diploma at office shows, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Venereal, Renal and Private Diseases than any other Physician in Pittsburgh.
Syphilis, Stricture, Orchitis, all forms of Hernia and Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones are treated with unparalleled success.
Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, the result of self abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, which produce some of the following effects, viz.: Nervousness, debility, blotches, dizziness, dimness of sight, confusion of ideas, evil forebodings, aversion to society, loss

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities,

State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

sa8:m3

CONVERSION

U.S. Five-Twenty Bonds

Holders of Five-Twenties of the issues of 1862, which, under the recent announcement of the Secretary of the Treasury, will be paid off in December next, have special and immediate reasons to consider the question of conversion, unless they wish to receive coin for their Five-Twenties, or exchange them at par for bonds of the new issue, bearing an average rate of 4½ per cent.

We invite the attention of investors to RELIABLE HOME SECURITIES, which we are offering for sale, ranging from SEVEN TO EIGHT PER CENT. interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield St.

no1:s36

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS.

We offer for sale a limited amount of the new Bonds of the

Allegheny Valley Railroad Company,

bearing 7 per cent. interest, FREE OF ALL TAXATION. Principal and interest guaranteed by the

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES received in exchange at Market Rates.

N. HOLMES & SONS,

57 Market Street, Pittsburgh.

no27:s19

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN

Bonds, Stocks and Mortgages.

Orders promptly executed for the purchase and sale of all Reliable Securities.

Collection made.

COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD ST., and PITTSBURGH, PA.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(SUCCESSOR TO S. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood St.,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities,

COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS

On Most Favorable Terms.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at low rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

Finance and Trade,

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, December 1, 1871.

The local money market continues close, and there is really less expectation to be indulged of a return to easy times, than there was a month ago. The cold snap acts alike upon the flow of money and the flow of waters. Loaders are putting up rates again, or trying to do so, and bank institutions that held with pass under ten per cent. and much higher rates are paid daily on four month's paper of prime credit. Short date loans upon Government bonds, or other approved collaterals can be made at 8@10 per cent.

The local stock market is inactive, but the better class of stocks are not pressed for sale at any material decline from the prices current when money was plenty. There are occasional transactions in Allegheny Valley 7-30 bonds at 91 and in Columbia old stock at about 620. The decline in oil, and a falling off in the daily production at the farms, has had but slight effect on the price of the stock thus far, prices to-day $19.50 bid @20 asked.

The eastern markets are dull and in the main lower than on the 29th.

Government bonds, however, have advanced upon a declining gold and stock market and rate from ¼ to ½ per cent. higher.

The railway list opened strong this morning but the closing quotations show an average decline of nearly one per cent.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations fo bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Wednesday.	Friday.
Bonds—1871	111¾	111¾
5-20—1862	110½	111¾
" 1864	110¾	110¾
" 1865	111	111¾
" 1865 new	111¾	111¾
" 1867	111¾	111¾
1868	111¾	111¾
10-40s	109¾	109¾
Currency 6s	119½	118
Gold	110¾	110¾
RAILROAD.		
New York Central	92¾	92¾
Do Scrip	87¾	87¾
Erie	20¾	20¾
Reading	113¾	114¾
Lake Shore	89	88½
Do Scrip	83	83
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	125	125¾
Rock Island	103¾	103¾
Chicago & N W	69¾	69¾
Do. Preferred	89¾	89¾
St. Paul Common	38	38
Do. Preferred	78½	78½
Wabash	64¾	63¾
Do. Preferred	82	82
Ohio & Mississippi	42¾	42¾
Pacific Mail	46¾	46¾
West. Union Telegraph	67¾	67¾
Adams Express	68¾	68¾
U. S. Express	58¾	59
Wells, Fargo	57	57

PHILADELPHIA BOARD.

Penna. Central	58 @ 5¾	
Reading R. R.	56¾@ 57¾	
Camden & Amboy	133 @133½	
Lehigh Navigation	93¾@ 93¾	
Oil Creek & Allegheny R. R.	43½@ 43¾	
Central Transportation	46 @ 46¾	
Empire Transportation	54 @ 54½	
Union Transportation	80 @ 80	
Pittsburgh City 5's	74¾@ 74¾	
A. V. R. R. 7-30	90¾@ 91	
Lehigh Valley R. R.	59¾@ 59¾	
Phila. & Erie	25¾@ 25¾	

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	110¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '65	113¾
U. S. 6s, 1881	113¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '67	114¾
U. S. 5-20s '62	114¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '68	114¾
U. S. 5-20s '64	114¾	U. P. R. R.	89
U. S. 5-20s '65	114¾	C. P. R. R.	103
U. S. 10-40s	109¾	Cy. Pacifics	113

NEW YORK, December 1, 1871.

Gold has been heavy and weak at 110¾. Loans were made at from 3 to 5 per cent. for carrying. Daily clearances $46,000,000. Money was rather active 10-16@7 at 6@7 per cent. Governments have not been very active; 5-20s of '62, '64 and '65, old, and '68 new, advanced ¼ per cent. Currency bonds declined ¼ per cent. State bonds heavy, with small transactions. The stock market opened strong but became dull later in the day. The market was unfavorably affected by the activity in money. At the close prices were steady, but dealings were limited and devoid of any special feature.

Sterling exchange 109.

GOVERNMENTS—Coupons '81 117¾; 5-20s '62 115¾; do '64 115¾; do '65 115¾; new 113¾; do '67 114¾; do '68 114¾; 10-40s 109¾; currency 6s 119.

STATE BONDS—Missisippi 67; Tennessees old 68; Tennessee new 67; Louisiana 6s 66; Virginia old 62; North Carolina old 35¾; North Carolina new 36.

MISCELLANEOUS—Western Union Telegraph 67¾; Quicksilver 25; Adams Express 68¾; Wells Fargo 56¾; American Merchants' Union 16; U. S. 36¾; Pacific Mail 46¾; New York Central 92¾; Scrip 87; Erie 21; preferred 51; Hudson River 114; Reading 114¾; Michigan Central 119¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh 125¾; Northwestern 66¾; preferred 89¾; Rock Island 103¾; New Jersey Central 104¾; St. Paul 38; preferred 78¾; Wabash 64¾; preferred 82; Fort Wayne 99¾; Terre Haute 18; preferred 50; Chicago & Alton 118¾; preferred 122; Cedar Falls 32; C. C. C. & I. 85¾; Burlington & Quincy 129; Lake Shore 88¾; Panama 138; Illinois Central 132; Union Pacific 39¾; Central Pacific Bonds 103; Union 93¾.

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH, F. W. & C. R. R.

	cars.		
Bryan & C. ore	4	Harbaugh, M & Co	2
Coleman, R & Co, ore	1	Coleman, R & Co, m	1
Keene, G & Co, metal	3	Hallman H & M, metal	6
Nimick & Co, metal	3	Loomis & C, metal	1
J Moorhead, metal	1	Lewis, B & D, metal	3
Lewis, D & F, metal	2		
Total	32		

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

Rogers & B., ore	1	Warton, Bro & Co. o	2
McKnight & Co, o	3	Hasley, W & Co, o.	3
Brown & Co, o	1	Shoenberger, B & C	1
J. Moorhead, Bloom	1	ore	1
Nimick & Co, metal	1	Zug & Co, ore	1
Kloman, C & Co, o	6	Wilson, G & Co, o	1
Total	27		

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS, 2d track.

John Morhead 310 3

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

J W Porter, metal	8	J Moorhead, metal	7
Bryan & Caughey, m	5	Jones & L, m	2
Hallman H. & metal	1	H. Wistar m	1
Total	24		

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

W. Clarke & Co, m	1	Lewis, O. & P., m	1
McKnight & Co met.	2		
Total	4		

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, December 1, 1871.

APPLES—The market is steady and with a continued fair demand and comparatively light receipts, prices are strong or and higher; we now quote at $1.50@2.50 for common to medium and $3@3.50 for prime to choice. We understand that there has been some inquiry for shipment.

APPLE BUTTER—The receipts continue liberal, and with only a limited demand, the market is below choice; prices are unchanged: fair to medium, 5@6½; prime to choice, 6½@7.

BEANS—In good supply and rather dull—may be fairly quoted at 1.60@2.50 per bushel; we occasionally hear of a small sale of choice at $2.75, but this is above the market at present.

BUTTER—There is a steady demand for the better grades which are ruling full prices of prime to choice; 27 @ 28 23. Common and medium butter quiet and unchanged.

ASHES—Common, 5½ cts; pearls, 4 cts; refined 7c. Bbls and boxes 25@75c, 9½ Pots, 7½; Nitrate soda, 4½@5¾.

BEESWAX—30c per bushel, as to quality.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Is selling, in a jobbing way, at $4.50 per cwt.

CANDLES—Unchanged at 20@23c.

BROOM CORN—Is reported quiet and unchanged; manufacturers generally are pretty well supplied and in consequence there is not much inquiry at present. We continue to quote at 9@12 cts. per pound according to quality.

CARBON OIL—The market is quiet and unchanged; standard brands may be quoted at 23@25½ cts by the car load—usual advance for small lots.

CIDER—The arrivals have commenced to fall off a little, but with a moderate demand, prices remain unchanged. $3@3 per bbl according to quality and condition.

COAL OIL—Is very quiet and the demand is mainly of a retail character; may be quoted in small lots at 85@90 cts per bbl.

CEMENT—Quiet and steady. $2.70@3.00 per bbl; Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25@4.50.

CRANBERRIES—Jersey cultivated, $11@13 per bbl. Sackett's Bells Berries, $17.

CHEESE—The market is in a jobbing way, from store, at 15¾@16 for prime New York Goshen; 15@15¾ for prime Ohio Goshen; 14@14¾ for Factory; 14@15½ for Dairy.

DRESSED HOGS—Are coming more freely but as yet there is no decline in prices, 5@5¾ cents.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches steady but quiet, stocks accumulating; halves 10@11 cts; mixed, 9@9¾; quarters, 7@7½; apples—@7 for to medium and 7¾@8 for prime to choice.

EGGS—The supply of fresh is very meagre and prices are strong at 31@32. Pickled eggs, 25@28.

FLOUR—About the only new feature in relation to a shifting of the market arrivals: demand is fair, while prices remain unchanged. Good spring extras, $7.00@7.25; good to choice family brands, $7.50@8.00; choice Minnesota bakers flour $7.75. Rye flour $5.50@5.75.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese feathers, 74@76 cts; to the trade; 65@70 cts for small lots.

GRAIN—The Wheat market is quiet and presents nothing new or important; millers quote red at $1.43@1.45, though we hear of them paying as high as $1.48 for round lots of strictly No. 1; white is worth 3@5 cts per bushel more than red. Oats generally received daily and the inflow is quite large; 40 cts, for mixed to prime white by the car load. New ear Corn is quoted at 50@56 and shelled at 58@60 per bushel in sacks; last; report buyers generally refuse to pay any more for old than new as the latter is just as good for all purposes, and consequently making corn meal, as the former. Rye is quiet—but little offering and there does not seem to be much inquiry for it; we quote at 80@85 cts per bushel. Barley is rather scarce and brewers generally are reported bearish, but there is no change whatever in the prices, 55@60 for spring and 60@65 for fall.

COFFEES—The Coffee market is less excited, but prices, especially for Brazils, are strong, and importers are reported as being very confident; jobbing trade is steady but unchanged. Molasses and Syrups dull. Rices, as noted in our last report firm, and the recent advance in Carolinas is fully maintained. Following are the leading quotations:

SUGARS—Refined—Standard Hards, 13½; A 12¾; B, 12¾; Ex. C, 12½; C, Yellow, 12¼. Porto Rico Sugars—Choice, 11¾; Prime, 11; Good, 10¾; Fair, 10¼; Ordinary, 9¾. Demerara, 12½@ 13¾. Sugar House Sugars—Knight's Extra C, Yellow, 11¾; C. C., 11¾; other grades, 9@11.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 24; Prime, 23; Good, 22; Fair, 21@21¾. Java, 28@30. Laguayra, 25@ 26. Mocha, 30@32. Standard Coffee, pure, 26. Lower grades, 24@25.

SYRUPS—Hatmeyer & Eder's, 70. White Stripe, 65. Lovering's, 65. Durand's, 75. Sugar Drips, 75. Brune's, 70; other grades, 45@50. New Orleans Molasses, 50@55. New Crop, 60@65.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9¾; Good, 9¼; Fair, 8¾. Rangoon, 8. Patna, 8¾.

SPICES—Pepper, 20@22. Cassia, 18. Cassia, 35. Cloves, 25. Nutmegs, $1.40.

HIDES—Quoted at 5@6½ cts.

HAY—Is steadily demand, and, notwithstanding, the arrivals are large, prices are well maintained: $20@23 per ton, for common hay and $22@25 for prime to choice.

HOMINY—Our market is almost bare; quoted at $3 per bbl.

HONEY—Sales at 25@30 cts.

HEMP—Kentucky rough, $165 per ton; single dressed, $265; double dressed, $365.

LARD OIL—No. 1 Extra quoted at 82@85 and No. 2 at 78.

LIME—Pittsburg white, $2.00@2.25 per bbl; Cleveland $2.25; Eastern, $1.75.

LARD—Prime is quoted at $10@11 per ton, for Bran; $24@26 for Shorts and $30@35 for Middlings.

NUTS—Chestnuts, $3.75@3.50 per bushel and slow; Walnuts are a drug; nominal at 50@55. Shellbarks, $1.50@1.75.

ONIONS—Are quite unchanged; common reds, $2.50@2.75 per bbl; Silver Skins, $3@3.25.

POULTRY—Live Chickens abundant, dull and no inquiry; we quote at 4@45 cts per pair; dressed quoted at 12@13. Dressed Turkeys, 15@17 cts. Live Turkeys dull, 75@$1.25 each.

POTATOES—Prime Lake Shore Peach Blows, 75 cts per bushel by the car load, and 75@80 cts in small lots; common mixed stock, 50@60 cts; Carters, 60@65 cts.

PROVISIONS—Plain Bacon Shoulders, 7¾@ 7¾; ribbed sides, 8¾; short ribbed sides, 8¾; clear sides, 9¾; sugar cured shoulders, 9¾; sugar cured hams, 15 Lard: in tce, old, 9¾; new in keg, 10¾; in half bbls, 10¾; in bbls, 11 cts. Dried Beef, 10¾. Mess Pork, $14. Breakfast Bacon, 11

RAGS—Are in good demand at 3½ lb.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.85, by the car load.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is firmer and we now quote at $6.25@6.50 per bushel; $6.75@7 asking. Timothy Seed is reported steady at $3.25@3.50. Flaxseed continues scarce and is wanted at $1.85.

SHAKER CORN—13@14 cts per lb.

SUMAC—Tennessee is quoted at 4¾ cts per lb; $90 per ton.

TURNIPS—Very dull; quoted nominally at 35@40 cts per bushel.

WILLOWS—Quoted firm at 10 cts.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, December 1, 1871.

The market continues firm though very quiet. Crude—spot or seller December, 10¾c bid; buyer first half next year, 12½c. Parker spot, 64@64.67; lines all 1872, 64.30; first half, 64.20. Refined—first half of December 21¼c; last half, 21¾c. Some operators have been impressed with the belief for some days past that a settlement was refined, and was destined to do better before the close of the year, and the indications at present are that their expectations will be realized. Refined is lower now than it has been, if weare not mistaken, since 1867, and, furthermore, it is down to, if not below, the cost of production.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

Model O W, account T P Miller	382
Aliadden O W, account H W C Tweddle	490
Jo Oppenheim F W, account J Oppenheim	462
Peerless O W, account B S Duncan	80
Rathbone O W, account W H H Porter	80
Citizens O W, account W Stewart	80
Citizens O W, account L F Tack	918
Keystone O W, account J Bushnell	814
Liberty O W, account B S Duncan	560
Sunbeam O W, account W Stewart	154
Brilliant O W, account W Stewart	80
Brilliant O W, account J T Coast	854
Total	4,742

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R. November 29.

Standard Oil Co, 161 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

P. W Sweeney & Co., 100 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth Bro. 263 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F & Co., Philadelphia.

J. M. Riter, 545 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Citizens Oil Co. 282 bbls refined oil to Tack, Bros & Co. Phila.

John Spear & Co., 96 bbls refined oil to Warden, F. & Co. Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 300 bbls refined oil to Waring, Kinz & Co. Phila.

J. & Cowden & Co., 294 bbls ref. oil to Waring & K. Philadelphia.

Total..... 1,911 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED PER WEST PENN R. R.

Mentzer, H & Co., 373 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Total..... 373 bbls.

PHILADELPHIA, December 1, 1 P. M.—Spot 21¾c; December 21¾c; January and February 22c; crude 11½c.

5 P. M.—December 21¾c; January and February 22c; crude 11½c.

MOTHERVILLE, December 1, 11 A. M.—Market quiet, at $4.

OIL CITY, December 1.—Market unchanged from Wednesday. Oil City $4.30@4.35; Lower Creek $4.15@4.20.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, December 1, 11 A. M.—Market firm at $4.10 to $4.15. No sales yet reported.

TITUSVILLE, December 1, 12:30 P. M.—Market very firm and nothing doing yet; $4.02¾ bid, $4.05 to $4.07½ asked.

PARKERS, December 1, 12:30 P. M.—Market firm at $3.65 to $3.67½.

TIDIOUTE, December 1, 2 P. M.—Market strong at $4.05.

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, December 1, 1871.

The metal market is steady and moderately active, with a fair volume of business in the aggregate, and prices are fully maintained.

The activity both by river and rail are liberal, but with a steady and progressive demand, there is no accumulation of stock, the current demand, that is, at full prices, as fast as it arrives, and are selling readily at $40.4 mos with the usual difference in favor of longer dates.

In regard to manufactured iron, there is nothing particularly new or important. The mill interests had a meeting last week, but no change in prices were made, however, card rates are rigidly adhered to, and an early advance is generally expected.

Following is a partial report of the sales for the week:

ANTHRACITE.

100 tons	Extra Gray Forge	$39 50 4 mos
200 "	Extra Gray Forge, fav brands	40 00 4 mos
50 "	Mottled Forge	37 00 4 mos
50 "	No. 1 Foundry	41 00 4 mos
40 "	No. 1 Foundry	41 00 4 mos
200 "	Mottled to arrive	37 50 3 mos
100 "	Mottled to arrive	37 50 4 mos
100 "	White to arrive	60 00 4 mos
100 "	No. 1 to arrive	40 00 4 mos

ALLEGHENY COKE.

200 tons	Red Bank on cars at fur	38 00 4 mos
BITUMINOUS	COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR.	
350 tons	Mill to arrive	40 00 4 mos
200 "	Mill to arrive	40 00 4 mos
500 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	39 00 cash
500 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	40 00 4 mos
500 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	40 00 4 mos
300 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	40 00 4 mos
300 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	40 00 4 mos
350 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	40 00 4 mos
400 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	40 00 4 mos
200 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	40 00 4 mos
240 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	40 00 4 mos
150 "	No. 1 Mill Iron to arrive	40 00 4 mos
200 "	White & Mottled to arrive	38 50 4 mos
200 "	White & Mottled to arrive	39 00 4 mos

Nashville, December 1.—Cotton quiet and weak; low middling 17½c.

Memphis, December 1.—Cotton steady but firm; 180.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, December 1.—Consols —; money 92¾ on account; 5-20s ex. div. 5-20s '62, 93¾; do '65, 92¾; do '67, 93; do '68, 93¾. Trade prices of cotton to-day.

LIVERPOOL, December 1.—Cotton: middling uplands 9½d; Wheat: California 12s 9d; red spring 10s 10d@11s 4d; red winter 11s 7d. Flour 25s@28s. Corn 34s 6d.

ANTWERP, December 1.—Refined petroleum 40f.

PARIS, December 1.—Rentes 80f 65c. Specie in Bank of France increased 100,000f.

New York.

NEW YORK, December 1.—Cotton #1 easy; middling uplands 18c. Flour active and advance 6c; superfine western and State $5.80@ 6.10; common to good extra western and State $6.20@6.65; good to choice $6.60@7.10; white wheat extra $7.00@7.30; extra Ohio $6.50@7.10. Rye flour steady at $4.90@5.25. Corn meal unchanged. Whisky quiet at 95c. Wheat nothing doing and unchanged; No 2 Chicago spring at $1.50@1.52; No 2 Milwaukee $1.60@1.57; winter red western $1.60@1.62; amber $1.63@1.67½; white $1.65@1.75. Rye dull and nominal. No. Barley active and firmer; No 2 Canada West $1.25; Canada East $1.27½; Boycotting at $1.30. Malt quiet. Corn active and advanced; western mixed at 67¾@68 cents; new 67@68; prime white 68@68½ cts; western yellow and Ohio 64@65c. Hay steady; shipping $1.10; retail lots $1.20@1.60. Hops firm. Eggs firm at 34@35c. Coffee firm. Rio 18@22c. Sugar easier; Cuba 9@9½c; fair to good refining 9¾@ 10c. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Rice firm at 7¾@8c. Crude petroleum 12¾@ 13c; refined 23c. Turpentine dull at 65@66c. Pork firmer; new mess $15.00@15.25; old $15.50; prime mess $11. Beef quiet; plain mess $7@11; extra $11@14; hams active and firm, at 13@13½ cts for pickled and nominal; smoked 17c. India mess $19.00@20.00. Cut meats quiet; shoulders 8¾@8¾c; hams 9¾@11c; middles firmer; short ribs and long clear 8c. Sides 8¾c; long and short clear last half December 8c; short rib December and January 7¾c. Lard steady; No 1 to prime steam 9@9¾c; prime kettle rendered 9½c; December 8¾c. Butter dull; western 12@22c; State 21@33c.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, December 1.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat opened quiet and lower; influenced by reported decline in Liverpool; later New York advices increased the demand, and a portion of the decline was recovered; No. 2 spring $1.19¾; No. 3 $1.09; No. 2 spring seller December $1.19¾; seller last half $1.20½; January $1.21¾. Corn firm and in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 41¾@41¾c; rejected 39c; No. 2 mixed seller December 41¾c; last half January 44¾@44½c; seller February 43c; April 45@45¾. Rye dull and declined; No. 2 61¾@61¾c. Oats firm on speculation account. Barley active and advanced; No. 2 fall 86c; No. 3, 80@81c; rejected 68@69c. Pork market opened quiet and strong, owing to an improvement in live hogs, and an advance of 9@10c was established later in the day, it being understood that considerable pork would be delivered on December options; market ruled weaker early in the day; sales of mess were made at $15.75 for cash and seller December and January $13.50@13.62; seller February $13.75@13.87; seller March $13.87½@14.00; at the close the market was quiet at $13.00@14.12½ for cash, or seller January and January $13.87½@13.90; seller February $13.62½@13.65; seller March $13.80@13.87½. Lard active and firm at 8¾c cash or December; January 8¾c; February 8¾c; seller March 9¼c. Hogs—Receipts to-day 20,000; shipments 6,000; market opened active and advanced; extreme range $4.25@4.30, with bulk of sale at $4.12½@4.22½; total receipts of hogs for the month of November 200,000, against 205,000 for the previous November.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, December 1.—Beeves quiet 20@ 25c lower; sales of 1,600 head; 600 unsold; the receipts for the week 6,500, and the market improved 10@15c; everything sold. The weather is clear and cold, favoring trade, while poultry is rather short with a fair prospect for more. Veals, though light, have many unskilled cattle; 11 cars Kentucky, 7¾ cwt, sold at 9¼@12c; lot of poor stale, 5 cwt, Texans, 6c; 2 cars Virginia sold at 8¾c cwt, 10c; some poor, 5¾ cwt. State cattle, 8¾c. Sheep: receipts 4,900 for two days, making 13,500 for this week; they have advanced 3@3¼c or 6@6¾c for sheep, and 6¾@7¾c for lambs; sales of sheep: 1 car, 81 lbs, Michigan, at 7¾c; 1 car, 106 lbs, Canadas, 6¾c; 1 car, 112 lbs, 6¾c; 1 car, 73 lbs, Canada lambs, 7¾c; 1 car, 75 lbs, 7¾c. Hogs steady and the receipts today were 10,000, making 37,000 for the week; live are worth 4¾@4¾c; 4 cars selling at 4¾c; 1 car, 250 lbs, at 4¾c; 1 car, 230 lbs, at 4¾c; 1 car, 240

HOME NEWS.

The Ins and Outs of Society will come off next Tuesday evening in Mercantile Library Hall.

Business men of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, advertising in Butler county, will find the Butler *Citizen* a good medium. Its circulation is large and terms moderate. Address "Citizen, Butler, Pa."

Another Runaway.—A few minutes before six o'clock last evening a team attached to a wagon and driven by Joseph Cridge run away on Federal street, Allegheny. The driver pitched out near the Diamond, but not seriously injured. The team was stopped a few minutes afterward.

Inquest Held.—On Thursday Coroner West held an inquest on the dead body of a little child named August Runzheimer, aged four months. The mother of the child lives at a tavern on Smithfield street, and on awaking yesterday morning found the babe dead. A verdict of death from natural causes was rendered.

Fire in Lawrenceville.—Last evening, about half-past nine o'clock, a fire broke out in a house on Forty-second street, Seventeenth ward, Lawrenceville, across from the Citizens' Passenger Railway stables. The house was a new one, and was not yet occupied. The fire caught from the grate, in which a strong fire was kept for the purpose of heating the rooms and drying the walls. Fortunately, it was discovered in time, and extinguished before material damage had been done.

Letter Carriers' Report.

Following is the report of the operations of the Pittsburgh letter-carriers for the month of November:

	Delivered.	Collected.
Mail letters	139,652	102,667
Drop letters	13,656	14,611
Newspapers	46,892	5,627
Totals	200,000	120,905

The last collection is made from the lamp-post boxes at seven o'clock P. M.

Accident on the West Penn.

Yesterday afternoon about four o'clock an accident occurred on the West Penn Railroad, at Hett's Mills, about a mile and a half west of the Junction. A locomotive attached to four freight cars was coming west when the whole train was thrown from the track by a spike which some one had maliciously put into the frog of the switch, evidently for the purpose of throwing the cars off. Fortunately no one was hurt, although the regular trains on the road were delayed over three hours by the occurrence.

Runaway in Allegheny—Horse Killed.

Last evening about half-past five o'clock a team of horses attached to a wagon became frightened just in front of the Mayor's office in Allegheny, and started off on a gallop up the street. A young man was riding a horse coming from the opposite direction and did not observe the team until it was too late to prevent a collision. He attempted to turn aside but failed, and the wheel of the wagon struck his horse in the side, knocking the animal down senseless. The young man, by some remarkable means, escaped unhurt, but the horse was injured to such an extent that it had to be shot about an hour afterward.

Anthracite Coal—Where to Get It.

Now that so many are using anthracite coal in preference to bituminous, in hot air furnaces, for cooking, and in offices, parlors and chambers, it will be interesting to know that a choice quality of it is kept by James M. Bingham, at 367 Liberty street, that his stock was purchased before the late advance in price, and he is thus enabled to supply his customers at the lowest rates ever current in this city. He is careful to screen every load before it leaves his yard, and seems determined to give such satisfaction to all who deal with him as will secure their continued confidence and patronage. Give him a trial.

Rowdyism—Cowardly Assault.

Thanksgiving night, at a late hour, as Mr. Lewis Vierheller was passing up Fifth avenue extension, he was suddenly attacked by three men who came out of a private alley near Tunnel street, and brutally beaten, one of them going so far as to cut him with a knife, inflicting a deep gash on the right shoulder. After assuming themselves until their victim was almost senseless, they left him to linger in the street. Mr. Vierheller with considerable difficulty was enabled to reach his home, where he at present lies suffering from the severe wound received. He has no idea who his assailants were, or the reason for their cowardly assault.

Fight at a Ball.

There was a ball participated in by colored people on Thanksgiving night, held in the room over a bowling alley on Fifth avenue extension near Tunnel street. During the festivities they were interrupted by a row among some of the male attendants, in which one of them was cut with a knife across the bowels. The disturbance was then quieted down and the affair hushed up quietly. The wounded man, after receiving medical attention, was removed to his residence. The police were not called in, and it was impossible yesterday to ascertain the name of the victim or the exact extent of his injuries.

Cut With a Razor.

Wednesday evening a number of the disciples of Terpsichore assembled at Lutz & Waltz's hall, Seventh ward, Allegheny, to devote the evening to their favorite amusement. The festivities were in full blow about eleven o'clock, which attracted the attention of a gang of rowdies who were passing at that hour. They demanded admittance, and were refused by the doorkeeper Adam Showers, when one of the young rascals drew a razor and cut his throat, inflicting a gash into the bone. They then fled, Showers was taken to the residence of Dr. Thaw, near at hand, where his wound was dressed. No information as yet has been made.

Fire at an Oil Refinery.

Last night, about half past eleven o'clock, a slight fire occurred at Kirkpatrick's Oil Works at the foot of Forty-fourth street, Seventeenth ward, caused by the explosion of a still, partially filled with oil. The oil at once took fire, and the flames communicated to a condensing tank containing a small quantity of oil, partially refined. The employees at once set to work with the private hose attached to the works, while some one also sounded the alarm with the fire-bell. The engines in that district went out and in half an hour or so the fire was extinguished, having been confined to the still and tank. Loss about $1,000, covered by insurance.

Allegheny Valley Railroad Extension.

It is very creditable to the management of the Allegheny Valley R. R., under Colonel Wm. Phillips and his Board of Directors, and a very unmistakable endorsement by English capitalists of the wisdom and policy of the company in the matter of the further extension of their road eastward, that on Tuesday last, in the city of London, Mr. Andrew Carnegie negotiated $3,000,000 of the company's bonds on favorable terms. It would also appear from Mr. Carnegie's success in this instance, and from that of his having negotiated similar matter in England over $12,000,000 of American securities, that his character for integrity and financial shrewdness has come to be well appreciated in England as it has long been in his own country. With such officers and such agents, the future of the Allegheny Valley R. R. cannot fail to be onward, upward and prosperous.

Thanksgiving Dinner.

On Thursday evening the Westinghouse Air Brake Company gave their second annual Thanksgiving dinner to their employes. In compliance with invitations received, a crowd of about one hundred and fifty persons sat down to three long tables in the large dining hall of the Union Depot Hotel, at half past six, or thereabouts. We noticed among these the company, Mr. Gormly, Mr. Welsh, foreman of the works, a large number of engineers, and the other invited gentlemen. The tables were bountifully spread, the bill of fare embracing oysters, game, sweetbreads, poultry, venison, salads, cakes, fruits, ices, jellies etc. There were no wines or intoxicating liquors, but plenty of good coffee to wash down the plenty of good music furnished during the whole dinner by Tuerge's band, and there in the midst of cheerfulness and social enjoyment, to say nothing of plenty of fine segars after dinner. Occasions of this kind must do much to promote kindly feelings between the employers and employes, and the example set by the officers of the Brake Company last night will be followed by others of our great manufacturers.

Narrow Escape.

Yesterday afternoon about half-past four o'clock, the wife of Collector Thos. W. Davis, with her sister narrowly escaped death by the fall of a part of a scaffolding in front of Mellons new buildings now in course of erection opposite the Custom House. They were passing under it just as the workmen were engaged in hoisting one of the blocks of iron of which the front is composed. By some means the scaffolding just then gave way and the hoisting apparatus, iron and scaffolding came down with a crash.

Mrs. Davis at the instant, heard the crash at the top of the building and gave an almost involuntary start forward, which was just sufficient to save her life, as one of the heavy beams passed within half a foot of their position. Had it been but a part of the same beam upon it was splashed across her cloak. The ladies were rendered speechless by the fright but further than that happily were uninjured.

In this connection it might be well to call the attention of every contractor there to the fact that he is violating a city ordinance by not having a shop built over the walk.

In this case of course it would not have availed anything, but then there are often bricks and pieces of wood falling from the upper stories, any of which would be sufficient to seriously injure any person struck. The ordinance should be complied with.

Library Lectured.

The lecture of Dr. Lord, in Library Hall on Thursday evening was listened to by a very fair audience. His subject was "Queen Elizabeth," and the lecture was a *resume* of the history of her reign which embraced a period of about forty-seven years, from the 17th of November, 1558, till the 24th of March, 1603. She was the daughter of Henry VIII. and Ann Boleyn, and succeeded her sister Mary, "Bloody Mary," to the English throne. Henry VIII. and Anne Boleyn were married in 1533. He divorced the unfortunate Anne for her only fault, death, and married Jane Seymour, who died in childbirth. Queen Elizabeth was not as a woman to be deeply involved in debt, as was her father, but as a sovereign she was deeply given to trade and commerce; there was a revival of literature; Sir Francis Drake circumnavigated the globe; those "wooden walls" the powerful navy—were built, which have been the glory of England; and the Protestant religion was firmly established. To Elizabeth, England is indebted for Protestant ascendency. He said a high compliment to her ministers and privy councillors, among whom were Sir Nicholas Bacon; Sir William Cecil, known as Lord Burleigh, who was her chief minister during the greater part of her reign; the Earl of Leicester; Earl of Essex, Lord Burkhurst and others. During her long reign of forty-five years she only received three millions of pounds sterling, or sixty thousand a year. (This is in striking contrast with the expense of the English crown and royal family at the present day.) During her reign there was a great improvement made in the style of architecture, which had previously been of the rudest kind; the Spanish Armada was destroyed, and England became prosperous. Although it contained nothing new to even an ordinary historian, the lecture was listened to with deep attention, and was delivered with considerable force and energy.

HYMENIAL.

A brilliant Wedding on Thanksgiving Day—The Marriage of an Iron City Belle to a Merchant of Memphis.

Several days ago we made reference to the fact that certain circles of society were all agog with excitement over the then promised fashionable marriage for Thanksgiving Day that was, so far as royal splendor and magnificent magnificence were concerned, to overshadow any affair of similar character that ever had occurred in this locality. Well, the day has come and gone and with it will long be cherished lively recollections of the nuptial ceremonies that with it too, have entered the past by those whose pleasure it was to participate at the happy and joyous blending together of two hearts to beat together as one in joy or sorrow through life to death. Early on Thursday morning, according to the injunction politely expressed on the neatly engraved, delicately tinted, fragrant wedding circulars awarded the happy selected guests, there left the Connellsville Railroad depot a large number of ladies and gentlemen on board an elegant special train for Alpsville, one of the neat and cosy towns on the Youghiogheny river, some distance above McKeesport, where the long talked of wedding was to result in the certainty and where before the altar the sacred engagement was to ripen into the reality of matrimony.

THE CONTRACTING PARTIES.

In our advance notice of the contemplated wedding we refrained from mentioning the names of the contracting parties, but now inas-much as the event has passed into the realm of fashionable history, we feel that there is now no embargo on such publication. The bride was Miss Nannie, the accomplished and beautiful daughter of N. J. Bigley, Esq., one of our most extensive and wealthiest coal merchants, and the groom was Mr. J. E. Smith, a well to do druggist of Memphis, Tenn. The couple are both young and well mated so far as years are concerned. Originally we believe it was intended to celebrate the wedding ceremony in Mr. McElhenny made a few remarks, and on his request Colonel Cuppy, who happilly touched upon the past and present of their pastor's service among them, said:

More than fifty years ago the lamented Webster stood on Plymouth Rock and delivered that memorable oration in commemoration of the landing of the Pilgrims, which had taken place two hundred years before. He drew from history, but largely on his imagination, he depicted that grim band suffering for conscience sake. It may be proper for us to-day, sir, to take a glance at our history since you came amongst us. A little more than fourteen years ago, when you appeared amongst us for the first time, you were but a stripling of a boy, young years and inexperience in the ministry. A little less than fourteen years ago you became our settled pastor. Since then many changes have taken place, and great events have transpired within that time. Our country has been convulsed from one end to the other. A great internal war has been waged; our fathers, our brothers and our dearest ties have fallen victims to bloody treason. But we have conquered the foe, and we are again in peace and increased prosperity. Second and more also occurred amongst us as a congregation. Those who were your advisers when you became our pastor's have nearly all gone to "that bourne from whence no traveler returns," viz.: Messrs. Kerr, Frew and Henry. Others who were connected to the session after you came here—the lamented Kelso and Stewart—have gone. Many others have also gone. You have been called on by death to administer consolation to the dying, and to comfort the widow and the orphan. You have rejoiced with us when we rejoiced, and mourned with us when we mourned. For seven and twenty years, sir, you have had many years of sweet comfort, and have passed through sore affliction. But our relations as pastor and people have been pleasant. Scarcely a ruffle has been on the stream. The past we can read, but we can only conjecture the future in anticipation, trusting that the past, so far as we are concerned as pastor and people, is but an evidence of what the future will be. We bid you welcome in your new relation. And now, sir, allow me to present to you the worthy lady who has been selected as your partner.

Madam: We are here to congratulate you in your new relation. We welcome you to the side of our pastor. We invite you to our homes, and with your husband, our pastor, to our firesides. We welcome you to our tables, and with your husband our pastor, to our boards. We ask you to rejoice with us when we rejoice, and to mourn with us when we mourn. We welcome you, as our pastor's wife, to a place in the church, and to commune with us at our Elder Brother's table. And may you as our pastor's wife, be as our pastor, and we as the people, continue to live together as long as time with us shall last, and then in the world to come, each one in the path down through the journey of life; and when time with us shall be no more, may we meet in the land beyond the skies. We again bid you welcome.

At the close the people withdrew to their homes and to their firesides, the bonds of friendship between themselves and their pastor were greatly strengthened by the pleasant meeting of the occasion.

The congregation is one of the most flourishing of any in our rural districts. They have now in contemplation the erection of Mount Lebanon Academy, which has been their headquarters since the destruction of their church by fire, and have already commenced the erection of a new church, however, and have completed the basement story. When finished the building will be two stories high and will, it is expected, have cost $20,000.

A PLEASANT WELCOME.

Thanksgiving at Mount Lebanon—Interesting Congregational Meeting.

The pleasant chapel of the United Presbyterian congregation of Mount Lebanon, Scott township, was the scene of a very pleasant episode on Thanksgiving morning. After the pastor, Rev. Mr. Boyd, had concluded the regular morning services, and dismissed the congregation, the members of the church remained and somewhat mysteriously organized a meeting by selecting Col. Wm. Espy as chairman. The object of the assemblage was then made known by Col. John Gilfillen, who in a few elegant remarks cordially welcomed the pastor home from his wedding tour, and in behalf of the congregation, extended a greeting to his estimable bride. The reverend gentleman—though always the recipient of the utmost kindness from the parishioners—was surprised and touched with this new expression of love, but succeeded in returning his grateful acknowledgment in fitting words.

Other speakers were then called upon, in response to which Mr. McElhenny made a few remarks, and on his request Colonel Cuppy, who happilly touched upon the past and present of their pastor's service among them, said:

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OIL AGAIN.

Female Servant Terribly Burned.

Another dreadful case of burning by careless using of oil, occurred about seven o'clock yesterday morning. A Mrs. Clark, a widow, employed as servant in the house of Dr. Rossean, corner of Penn street and Garrison alley, was engaged in kindling the kitchen fire, and in order to make it burn more readily, she poured oil upon it from a large can filled with the liquid. The result of what might have been confidently expected. The oil in the can ignited and a terrible explosion followed instantly. The contents of the can were scattered in liquid fire all over the room. The carpet, the walls, the ceiling and all the articles in the room, were burned and blackened by the fire. The poor woman herself was wrapped in flames in a moment. Her clothing was saturated with the oil from her head to her feet, and of course burned fiercely. She ran screaming out of the room, and some parties, attracted by her cries, ran to her assistance. As soon as possible a blanket was thrown over her and the flames extinguished, but not in time to save her from dreadful injuries. On examination it was found that the extent of her injuries was terrible. Flesh, skin and nails dropping off piecemeal. At last accounts she was still living, in a condition of great suffering, but is not expected to recover. She was about forty years of age.

THE KNIFE.

Bloody Work at a Ball.

Thursday night there was a collection of colored folks in the Esmeralda dancing parlors on Fifth avenue extension, just at the of Chatham street. Everything passed amongantly, and the dance was at its height a row was midnight some trouble ensued continued to be attendants, and a general Wm. Coffee, Esq. During the melee which ensued Jacob Cominutes, one of the men, pec he succeeded afe or razor and cut an painful wounds, one before he was stopinches in length, another sting three very and a third on the right leg. A side eight butcher by this time was over on the hip, ejected from the room. The victim pective removed to the house of a physician she to his residence in Temperanceville. He is a young man and a coal digger by trade. His injuries are quite severe, though no serious consequences are apprehended.

Yesterday his brother, Israel Clare, made information before Mayor Brush against Coffee for felonious assault. The accused was arrested and is held in the lockup, awaiting a hearing.

THANKSGIVING AT DIXMONT.

Parlor Theatricals—Pleasant Supper Party.

The happy recurrence of Thanksgiving was commemorated in a very pleasant and enjoyable way, at Dixmont, and in a manner which rendered the occasion one of interest, not only to those of the inmates, who were permitted to mingle in the exercises, but to a number of invited ladies and gentlemen from the city. It will be remembered that reference was heretofore made to the entertainments which are now held weekly at the institution, and are participated in by the attendants and male patients, and which have come to be quite a feature of the Hospital-life. Already a number of these "parlor theatricals" have been given and with the most benedical results, to the patients who engage in them, so much so as to entirely justify the experiment and establish it upon a permanent footing. Feeling thus assured of the success of this new idea Dr. Reed concluded to exhibit its practical workings to the friends of the institution, and at the same time render Thanksgiving at the Hospital, an occasion that would be of happiness to all.

In response to invitations—the outgrowth of this design—a number of ladies and gentlemen visited the Hospital on Thanksgiving day, and were hospitably received by Mr. and Mrs. Reed, who had made every preparation for their enjoyment. The visitors were assembled in a neat little room fitted up as a miniature theatre, in which the performance was given. The exercises were principally conducted by the patients of the hospital, the milder ones, who at intervals are allowed the privileges of the house.

The programme consisted of a farce, "The Dying and Dutchman," a comedy "Recently Cool," and a concluding medley by the minstrels, of humorous and sentimental ballads. The entertainment was delightful, interspersed with instrumental music by the orchestra, which is regularly organized and practiced at the Hospital, a majority of the performers of which no small part might feel ashamed. The performers went through the exercises with spirit and appreciation that elicited remarkable. Throughout they manifested no other feeling than that of persons to whom pleasure had full control, and the manner in which everything was conducted, evidenced that the matter had been a subject of study and reason with them, which good indications of the most hopeful character. The entertainment closed in about two hours, and left the visitors thoroughly satisfied of the practical workings of the system, which combines discipline with the culture of the long lost reasoning faculties—which unites amusement with the other aids employed at the hospital to bring about the restoration of the intellect at the hospital. At the conclusion of the entertainment the patients quietly retired to their quarters and the affairs in the hospital settled down to their usual quiet again.

The visitors were now treated to another agreeable surprise and supplement to the evenings' entertainment, in an elegant supper which had been provided through the generation of Mrs. Reed, than whom none are more versed in the mysteries of the culinary art. The feast was indeed a rare one, and that it was attested in the best possible way its excellence, and was in the highest degree complimentary of the fair hostess's skill. The remainder of the time until the late train, was agreeably whiled away by the guests, the host and hostess who by kind host and hostess were indefatigable in effort, and whose genial hospitality lent an additional charm to the occasion. The occasion was one of genuine enjoyment to all, and formed an agreeable close to a day of general happiness.

REGISTER GRAY'S STATEMENT.

Business for the Month of November.

Following is Register Joseph A. Gray's report of letters of administration granted and wills admitted to probate during the past month:

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION GRANTED.

Decedent.	*Administrators.*	*Bond.*
Henry Hebrauk	Johanna Hebrauk	$6,000
James Nesbiet	T. C. Lazear, Esq.	400
Margaret Springer	Eleiza Selzer	1,000
Adam Selzer	Joseph Smith	1,000
Philip Bumblinger	Jos. Daschbach	1,000
Jackson Aber	J. H. Robb	1,000
John Dentield	Reinhart Homen	1,000
Michael Rose	Rachel Rost	1,000
J. W. Wamhoff	George Wamhoff	5,000
James D. Duncan	Lizzie Duncan	100
John Speer	Joseph Speer	500
James Richey	Samuel McKee	100
George Miller	J. R. Beckman	2,500
Thos. W. Davis	Adam Stivey	200
Joseph Coster	Ellen V. Catterdon	500
Joseph French	Elizabeth J. French and Hemphill	5,000
Frederick Ubinger	L. Ubinger	5,000
Hector Southerland	F. Southerland	400
Geo. Rupprecht	Cath. Rupprecht	600
Wm. Kelly	Thos. Hamilton	800
Jos. Wickline	Kate W. Kline	2,000
Hannah Sticker	Wm. S. McVicker	600
Andrew Reiser	Susan Reiser	200
John Steck	Geo. Steck	1,000
Jos. B. McDonald	Emiline McDonald and W. W. Ackley	3,000
Elizabeth Hamill	Thos. Hartman	1,000
Robert Bocott	Emma Prescott	600
H. Reymer	Harriet Reymer and Wm. Hamilton	60,000
Arthur Allen	John W. Allen	600
H. Lahrsen	Chas. Leherback	300

WILLS ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Decedents.	*Executors.*
Alex. Marshall	Geo. Burns
John H. Hane	Anthony Meyer, John McKinley
Wm. Halonay	G. L. B. Fetterman, H. A. Breyvogel, Wm. Allen
Mary Marshall	Wm. Longden
Jane Boyd	Wm. Longden
Peter Grandmontagne	J. Grandmontague, John Vaglesang, John Bell
Geo. Miller	Wm. Longden
Thos. Hamilton	Wm. Longden, James Gregg, Joseph Barker, John Jones
Ruth Harper	Mrs. Sidney Page, James H. Robb, James Ewing
John H. Page	Mrs. Sidney Page
John Williams	Chas. Well
Thomas Morrow	Honour Dolan, Wm. Robertson, Esq.
John Wels	Chas. Well
William Dolan	Honour Dolan
Timothy Robertson	Wm. Robertson, Esq.
Smith L. McKelvey	David McKelvey, Robert Black
George Hazlett	James E. Hazlett
James Updegraff	Nicholas Veeder
Henry P. Schriver	Fred Speer
Adam Bashaw	Verena Shaffer
Jeremiah Frew	Wm. T. Shannon, Robert Frew, Edwin T. Lightner, Joseph H. Irwin
Rebecca T. Lightner	J. H. H. Lightner, Lowrie Childs
Anthony Hartman	
Lydia Washington	Wm. P. Peterson
Mary Bryant	

TWO RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

Man Killed at the Transfer Station—Wagon Demolished and Two Persons Seriously Injured in Allegheny.

We have this morning to record two railroad accidents of a serious character, one of which was, and the other will perhaps yet be attended with fatal results.

The first occurred on Thursday afternoon, Mr. Lynch, a Ft. Wayne conductor, was assisting in shifting cars at the transfer station, near the Pennsylvania depot, and while he was standing on the front of a car, when he was jolted off, and ten or twelve cars run over him, cutting off both his legs in pieces. Deceased resided in Middle alley near Samson street, Allegheny.

Coroner West held an inquest on the body and the jury rendered a verdict "that the deceased came to his death accidentally, by the carelessness of the Railroad Company in running their trains at a faster speed than allowed by law."

The other occurred about seven o'clock yesterday morning at the Chestnut street crossing of the Allegheny Railroad. Mrs. Mc Cullough and her son, aged about fifteen years, started from their home on Liberty's Run, for a load of potatoes standing the Allegheny market. They were driving in a one-horse wagon, and they attempted to cross the railroad at regular crossing had been established at that place. Just as the horse had cleared the track the wagon was struck by a freight train, which was backing rapidly and of which no warning had been given. The wagon was struck with such force that it was shattered to splinters, the hubs and ties being the large t parts that could be found. Mrs. Mc Cullough was thrown from her seats. Mrs. Koenig fell some distance from the track, receiving very severe injuries. Blood flowed from her nose and mouth, and it is feared that she has sustained severe internal injury. The lad was carried along with the wreck, for some distance before the train could be checked. His body was severely lacerated, and one of his legs were so badly fractured that amputation below the knee was considered necessary. The parties were removed to a house near by, where they are now lying in critical condition. The horse was very little injured.

The Grand Central Hotel.

This superb, colossal structure, on Broadway, New York, is still attracting the attention of the press of the country. It seems to be an acknowledged *rendezvous* for travelers from every clime. A visitor's glance at the multitudes that daily and nightly throng its spacious halls and ample exchanges, will confirm the fact that it really finds accommodation for nearly two thousand guests.

In keeping with its size and splendor, H. Lyman Bowes, its proprietor, has conducted it with untiring energy, upon a scale of hospitable liberality hitherto unknown in the history of hotel management.

Its sudden innovation upon the exhorbitant rates charged by other first-class hotels—adopting prices from one to two dollars less per day—has been the subject of various editorial notices throughout the country, and we hear but one pronouncence in this much needed reform. The Grand Central is generally found to be the New York residence of our leading public men, and a majority of the visiting foreigners. Indeed, the fame of the "Grand Central" at home has "gone abroad." It is what Victor Hugo, in Paris, would call "*The Grande Palais Royale*," and visitors will find what has been said of it is true.

Evans' Department Store is the place to chose your Holiday Presents at low prices.

A Big Day's Work!

On Tuesday last A. H. Bauman, General Agent for The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, office No. 106 Fourth avenue, took the applications of four gentlemen for insurance on their lives, amounting to $80,000. This Company is purely mutual, and *loans* its surplus funds to its *patrons*. Business men contemplating life insurance, make a note of this. tf

Monongahela River Manufacturing Site, near Moorhead's Mills.—For particulars of this large and very valuable property, to be sold next Tuesday evening, on second floor of Mellwaine's auction rooms, by order of Trustees of Thos. Baxewell, in bankruptcy, see Mellwaine's auction advertisement.

£3,700 Sterling

For sale in sums of one pound and upwards, payable in England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales and the continent. Apply at foreign exchange office of Thos. H. Rattigan, 47 Smithfield street, between Third and Fourth avenues. THS

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Silk velvets and plushes.

J. B. Heard & Co.

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Lyons black s.. Special. ..t reduced prices. J. B. Heard & Co.

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POLITICAL.

CARD FROM B. W. MORGAN.

The "Morgan-Brush" Interview.

Mr. Editor:—I have thus far studiously refrained from any notice of the slanderous, daily circulated concerning me by the opposition press. But I deem it a duty I owe to myself and friends to briefly state the facts touching an interview with Mayor Brush at his office on Thursday last, relative to a certain letter received by him, and purporting to be written by one "John D. Thomp—" of the Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh.

This letter or document, as I understand it, charges me with the grossest public defamation of Mr. Brush and certain members of his family, and also with assaulting Mr. Patterson, his clerk, in the same style, while canvassing in that ward. I called at the Mayor's office, on Thursday, to ascertain if the Mayor had found out the *real* author of the letter, or had succeeded in getting a clue to him. In reply to my inquiry, he said he had not as yet done so, but he believed it to be *true*. I then pronounced the statements in the letter to be in every particular false, and the author of the letter a base liar and scoundrel; as I now publicly brand him so. At this language, expressive of the natural indignation I felt, the Mayor appeared to take offence, and I left the office of my own accord. I had a conveyance in waiting to go out in search of the author, but neither the Mayor nor his clerk seemed disposed to accompany me for the purpose of confronting him. For the truth of what is here stated, I respectfully refer the public to Mr. John Monteith and Mr. Howell Jones, who were present and heard what occured.

Now I state that the diligent search I have failed to discover such an individual as John D. Thomp—or Thompson in the Twenty-first ward, and that the whole document is a forgery of the clumsiest description, and the name signed to it is *bogus*, and that the statements therein, one and all, are false, without a shadow of the whole cloth. My only surprise is that Mayor Brush could so readily be imposed upon by such a palpable fraud.

In conclusion, if I can obtain sufficient legal evidence to convict anonymous libeler, I shall, whether elected or not, promptly hand him over to the tender mercies of the law for the punishment he so richly deserves.

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Ex-Mayor Blackmore's Record.

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Whole number of arrests for drunkenness, disorderly conduct by Mayor Blackmore's police.....

Whole number fined or committed.....310

Whole number discharged.....211—521

EXTRACTS FROM THE RECORD.

Frank Conner, October 14, 1868; bail given for fine and costs, and not paid.

Thomas Cunningham, October 17, 1868; $7.15 returned, and discharged by Mayor.

Robert J. Doak, October 19; released without fine or bail.

Robert Welch, October 23; arrested by Officer Weisenburn on a charge of drunkenness; thirty cents paid by the Mayor for wagon hire.

Edward Dunn, drunkenness, Officer Shields; fifty cents paid for wagon hire; committed to county prison for thirty days.

Da